THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

BY JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO. MEMPHIS, TENN., SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1867. VOLUME XVIII.—NUMBER 79

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

PUBLISHED DAILY & WEEKLY
—BY—
JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

PRICE OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily (in advance) per annum	$12 00
" " per week	25
To news-dealers, per copy	5
Weekly per annum (in advance)	5 00

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One square one insertion	$1 50
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" one month	8 00

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☞ Eight lines of solid nonpareil constitute a square.

☞ All advertisements in the Special Notice column will be charged 25 cents per line.

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☞ *Transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.*

☞ Advertisements for the Weekly paper will be charged at same rates, per week or month, as in the Daily, unless by special contract.

☞ Our friends are requested to use their best efforts to send us subscribers, and fill up our lists, and also to forward any items of news that may be of sufficient local importance to warrant their publication.

TERMS OF WEEKLY.

As an inducement to get up clubs, we have adopted the following scale of prices, which are as low as our current office expenses will admit of:

One Copy, one year	$5 00
To clubs of ten or more, each	4 00

Invariably in advance.

MASONIC DIRECTORY.

HEBREW CALENDAR.

A.·. M.·. 5628.

1st Tishri, 30th September.....1867.
1st Cheshvan, 30th October....."
1st Kislev, 29th November....."
1st Tayvas, 29th December....."
1st Shevah, 29th January.....1868.
1st Adar, 28th February....."
1st Nissan, 28th March....."
1st Iyar, 28th April....."
1st Sivan, 28th May....."
1st Tammuz, 27th June....."
1st Av, 26th July....."
1st Ellul, 25th August.....

Ash Wednesday, 6th March.....1867.
Maundav Thursday, 18th April....."
Good Friday, 19th April....."
Easter Sunday, 21st April....."
Ascention, 30th May.....
Pentecost, 9th June....."
Saint Andrew's Day, 30th November in each year. jal2 mh1 tf

MASONIC DIRECTORY. 1867.

LODGES.

ANGKONA, No. 168. Meets 1st Monday in every month, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, cor. Court and Main. D. F. Forster, 234 Front street, W. M.; John Beamish, Sec'y.

SOUTH MEMPHIS, No. 118. Meets 2d Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. J. T. Sellars, W. M.; Benj. K. Pullen, Sec.

LEILA SCOTT, No. 299. Meets 1st Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. John Ainslie, W. M.; H. P. Woodward, Sec.

HAMILTON, No. 304. Meets 3d Friday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. P. M. Stanley, W. M.; W. H. Butts, Sec.

LEWINGTON, No. 311 (U. D.) Meets 4th Friday of each month—204 Front street. John J. Worsham, 33d, W. M.; R. K. Pullen, 32d, Sec.

ROYAL ARCH.

PENN Chapter, No 4. Meets 2d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, M. E. H. P.; B. M. Levy, Sec'y.

——, ENTS, M.

EUREKA Council, No. 6. Meets 3d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, Ex. Ill.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

TEMPLAR.

CYRENE Commandery, No. 4. Meets 4th Monday of each month. John Zent, Com.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

A.·. AND A.·. SCOTTISH RITE.

204 Front Street.

HERMES Lodge of Perfection, 14th; No. 1. Stated Communications 2d Wednesday night of each month. Henry P. Woodard, 32d, G.·. M.·.; Charles M. Carroll, 14th, Sec.·.

MITHRAS Lodge of Perfection, 14th.; No. 2. Meets 4th Wednesday of each month. George Mellersh, 32d, G.·. M.·.; A. E. Frankland, 32d, Sec.·.

CALPHIA Council of Princes of Jerusalem, 16th.; No. 1. Benj. K. Pullen, 32d., Tarsh.·.; ——, Sec.·.

CALVARY CHAPTER of Rose Croix, 18th., No. 1. Charles W. Adams, 32d, M.·. W.·.; H. T. Tomlinson, 32d, Sec.·.

PHILIPPE DUPLESSEIS Council of K.·.h, 30th., No. 1. Henry P. Woodard, 32d., Comm.·.; William Y. Clyde 32d, Rec.·.

CONSISTORY OF WEST TENNESSEE, 32d. John Ainslie, 33d., Comm.·. in Chief; Dodge C. Trader, 32d, Reg.·.

TAILORING, SCOURING

"A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE."

DYEING, SCOURING, —AND— REPAIRING,

Done at short notice by

ISAAC ISAACS,

541-2 Jefferson Street.

OLD CLOTHES MADE NEW. SCOURED & NEW SUITS ONE REPAIRED.

All orders executed with neatness and dispatch, and entire satisfaction guaranteed when the work is done. mar3

THOS. H. HUNT. J. P. HANSON

Thos. H. Hunt & Co.,

PREMIUM

SILK AND WOOLEN DYERS

246 Second Street,

BETWEEN JEFFERSON AND COURT.

SPECIAL attention given to Ladies' Dresses and Shawls. Gentlemen's Clothes Cleaned and Dyed in a superior style.

N. B.—Not answerable for Goods left in store after six months from date of order.

REMOVAL.

THE General Southern Freight Office of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad has been removed from the old stand to

No. 266 Front Row, over

The well known house of Toof, Phillips & Co.

Through Bills Lading given to all Eastern cities. Rates as low and time as quick as by any other route.

G. R. BLANCHARD, General Freight Agent, Baltimore.

H. F. HECKERT, Western Agent, Cincinnati

E. D. COBB, Agent

se24 Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

HENDERSON OWEN, late of Brown & Owen.
R. F. MCNUTT, late of McNutt, Trotter & Bailey.
J. C. F. HAMMOND.

Valuable Plantation to Lease.

I WILL Lease, as administrator of Christopher P. Field, dec'd, the Home Place—The place of Clay & Field, and the Plantation known as the Content Place. These Plantations are in the county of Bolivar, Miss., and in fine condition for cultivation, having been cultivated for several years. There is a new and fine Circular Saw-Mill on the Home Place, for Sale.

For further information apply to me at Paris, Bourbon county, Ky., or to Dr. B. J. Field, on the premises.

B. J. CLAY,
oct9 Adm'r C. J. Field, dec'd.

CORMERCIAL HOTEL,

AT THE CENTER OF THE CITY, At the Corner of FRONT AND JEFFERSON STREETS.

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

THIS well Known and popular Hotel is in the very CENTER OF THE CITY, and is convenient to the Railroad Depot, Steamboat Landings, Banks and Places of Amusement.

PRICES REDUCED TO SUIT THE TIMES.

C. A. CHEATHS, Clerk. D. BRYSON, Prop'r.
oct3 3m

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DENTISTS.

S. HINSON,
DENTIST,
No. 233 Main Street,
CLAY-BUILDING.
ap8 dawly

Harris & Blair,
DENTISTS,
No. 217 Corner Second and Adams Sts.,
ADAMS' BLOCK.
J. C. HARRIS C. L. BLAIR.

LAWYERS.

J. E. TEMPLE,
Attorney at Law,
Solicitor in Bankruptcy and Commissioner of Deeds.
OFFICE—No. 12 Jefferson street, Room No 9, Third Story, Titus Block. oc2 tf

GEO. W. WINCHESTER, Late of Gallatin, Tenn. ROBERT A. HATCHER, Late of Missouri.

WINCHESTER & HATCHER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW and General Collecting Agents, 227 Second Street, Memphis, Tennessee.

A. WRIGHT, L. D. MCKISICK.

WRIGHT & McKISICK,
Attorneys at Law
HAVE removed their office to the Kit Williams Block, Nos. 3 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street. my8

ALBERT PIKE & SON, Little Rock, Ark. PIKE & ADAMS, 293 Main st., Memphis.

L. H. PIKE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
—AND—
Solicitor in Chancery,
Little Rock, - - Arkansas.
Will practice in the Federal and State Courts. Collections promptly attended to.
mh8 tf

R. L. DIXON. W. A. PERCY.

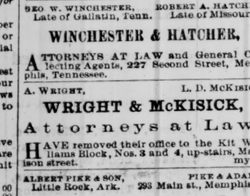
DIXON & PERCY,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Greenville, Miss, Will practice in the Courts of Tunica, Coahoma, Bolivar, Washington and Issaquena Counties. dec6 1y*

SELF-FASTENING

WROUGHT IRON BUCKLE TIE

FOR COTTON BALES.

CHAS. G. JOHNSEN, Sole Prop'tr,
No. 14 Union street, New Orleans.



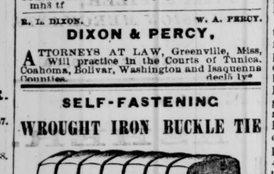
All other Ties fastening by this method are infringements, and will be prosecuted at law as such.

We are sole agents and are prepared to fill orders for the above

Self-Fastening Wrought Iron Buckle Tie, on the most favorable terms. We are having them manufactured of the most superior iron and thoroughly tested.

D. H. DAVIS & CO.,
Commission Merchants.
Louisville, June 22, 1867. au1

FASSMAN'S IRON TIES
— FOR —
COTTON BALES.



THE undersigned have made extensive arrangements to supply the demand for these Ties the present season.

In addition to the FASSMAN IRON TIE and BUTTON TIE, so extensively used heretofore, they now offer his ALLIGATOR TIE, with teeth so arranged as to plantly clamp the hoop when the pressure is removed from the bale, and hold it without slipping.

Great pains have been taken to secure the best quality of iron.

These Ties are so simple in their arrangement that they can be applied by any one, to bales of any size, with the same facility and expedition as rope. In strength, security and facility of application, they will compare favorably with any yet introduced.

The advantages of Iron Ties are now generally recognized; but it is deemed not out of place to call the attention of those interested to the very emphatic recommendation of Underwriters, Steamboat Captains, and Owners and Agents of Steamers generally, and Sailing Vessels, recently published in the newspapers in New Orleans.

CHAMBERS & LATTING,
se22 No. 61 Carondelet street, N. O.

Our Latest Improved

NEW SCALE PIANO-FORTE.

GROVESTEEN & CO.,

499 Broadway, N. Y.

THESE Instruments, after the most flattering testimonials from the first Pianists in the country, were, at our solicitation, have tested them in the severest manner *possible*, have been pronounced THE FINEST SQUARE PIANO-FORTES MADE IN THE WORLD.

It has always been our policy during the *thirty-six* years that we have manufactured Pianos, *never thousand* of which are now in use in the United States and Europe, to give the finest instrument at the lowest cost. Our superior facilities enable us to offer them from one to three hundred dollars less than any other first class House.

The tone of these instruments are remarkable for their peculiar sweetness and Great Brilliancy, never losing their quality when forced to their utmost capacity. The lower register retaining its positiveness does not destroy the middle and upper registers by ming ing with them in disagreeable confusion, the refined taste of which we have long been delighted to the unpracticed and to the most cultivated ear.

They are manufactured in the style of Piano, finished in the most superb manner, with *four full round corners front and back*, heavily carved legs and lyre, and possess the elegantly moulded, and each instrument is fully warranted for five years. sep6 dawly

One Thing is Certain,

THAT however widely great men may differ, there is a large majority of Doctors, Lawyers and Divines throughout the South who do agree that Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry and Wood Naptha is the only certain cure for Pneumonia, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Colds, Sore Throats, Palpitation of the Heart, Loss of Strength, Wasting Cough, Catarrh, Pleurisy, Difficult Breathing, and all diseases of the Chest and Lungs, and a certain and sure cure for Consumption in its early stages. That it cures all of the above enumerated diseases, is a fact beyond question, as there are thousands of living witnesses to-day ready to testify, who have been cured by this great discovery. Hear what some of our most eminent physicians of the South say: The distinguished Dr. Boon, of Macon, Ga., says that "in every case he has found it a prparation safe and prompt remedy for all pulmonary affections, and takes pleasure in recommending it as a reliable anodine, expectorant, etc."

Dr. Tennant, of Marietta, Ga., a physician of deservedly high reputation, in an abstract experienced practitioner of medicine, entertains and expresses the same opinion, and recommends it extensively in his practice.

Dr P. M. Cohen, of Charleston, S. C., a gentleman well known throughout the South, a wholesale dealer and importer of drugs and medicines, recommends it in the highest terms, and has, exclusive of all other drugs, in his family, with the most satisfactory results.

It would be useless to publish certificates of like recommendations of this medicine, all of which would only consume time in reading for the purpose, as the fact is established well known throughout the South, where it has been in use for the last twenty two years, and by further recommendation than this—that all who have used it once are not satisfied to be without it, and so general has been the demand, that it has been only recently that we have been able to make such arrangements for its manufacture as will enable us to supply the constant demands which we are daily in receipt of from selling druggists and other dealers throughout the South.

Having established our Labratory at the well known wholesale drug house of J. B. Wasson & Co., of this city, we are now prepared to fill all orders without delay, which shall be promptly met, to the trade only, and must be addressed to J. B. WASSON & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists, Memphis, Tenn.
oct29 1y

Stockholders' Meeting.

THE Stockholders of the MEMPHIS AND LITTLE ROCK RAILROAD, will meet at the Company's Office in Memphis, on the 15th day of November next, to elect a Board.

By order of the Board.

W. B. WALDRAN,
oct6 1m Secretary and Treasurer.

SAINT MARY'S SCHOOL,

Poplar Street, East of Orleans,

Mrs. M. E. POPE, Principal,

PERSONS wishing to enter pupils will please call after 3 p.m., or at any time Saturday. se15 tf

Executors' Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to the heirs of Tilman Bettis, deceased, and all parties concerned, that we, as surviving executors of said estate, have this day filed our accounts as such, with John Logue, Clerk of the County Court of Shelby county, where parties concerned can come forward and examine same

SAMUEL MOSBY,
ANDERSON C. BATTIS,
Surviving Executors.
Memphis, September 11, 1867. se12 2w

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

SUNDAY READING.

THE PAN-ANGLICAN SYNOD.

RESOLUTIONS PASSED AT THE CONFERENCE OF BISHOPS AND CLOSING PROCEEDINGS.

The following resolutions were passed at the Conference of Bishops of the Pan-Anglican communion recently held at Lambeth, England:

Introduction.—We, Bishops of Christ's Holy Catholic Church, in visible communion with the united Church of England and Ireland, professing the faith delivered to us in Holy Scripture, maintained by the Primitive Church and by the fathers of the English reformation, now assembled by the good providence of God, at the Archiepiscopal Palace of Lambeth, under the presidency of the Primate of England, desire: first, to give hearty thanks to Almighty God for having thus brought us together for common counsels and united worship; secondly, we desire to express the deep sorrow with which we view the divided condition of the flock of Christ throughout the world; ardently longing for the fulfillment of the prayer of our Lord, "That all may be one, as Thou, Father, art in Me, and I in Thee, that they also may be one in us, that the world may believe that Thou has seut Me;" and, lastly, we do here solemnly record our conviction that unity will be most effectually promoted by maintaining the faith in its purity and integrity—as taught in the Holy Scriptures held by the Primitive Church, summed up in the creeds, and affirmed by the undisputed General Councils—and by drawing each of us closer to our common Lord, by giving ourselves to much prayer and intercession, by the cultivation of a spirit of charity, and a love of the Lord's appearing.

Resolution 1. That it appears to us expedient, for the purpose or maintaining brotherly intercommunion, that all cases of establishment of new seas and appointment of new Bishops be notified to all Archbishops and Metropolitans and all presiding Bishops of the Anglican Communion.

Resolution 2. That, having regard to the conditions under which intercommunion between members of the United Church passing from one distant diocese to another may be duly maintained, we hereby declare it desirable: 1. That forms of letters commendatory on behalf of clergymen visiting other dioceses be drawn and agreed upon. 2. That forms of letters commendatory for lay members of the Church be in like manner prepared. 3. That his Grace the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury be pleased to undertake the preparation of such forms.

Resolution 3. That a committee be appointed to draw up a pastoral address to all members of the Church of Christ in communion with the Anglican branch of the Church Catholic, to be agreed upon by the assembled Bishops, and to be published as early as possible after the last sitting of the Conference.

Resolution 4. That, in the opinion of this Conference, unity of faith and discipline will be best maintained among the several branches of the Anglican Communion by due and canonical subordination of the Synods of the several branches to the higher authority of a Synod or Synods above them.

Resolution 5. That a committee of seven members (with power to add to their number), to obtain the assistance of men learned in ecclesiastics and canon law) be appointed to inquire into and report upon the relations and functions of such Synods, and that such report be forwarded to His Grace the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, with a request that, if possible, it may be communicated to any adjourned meeting of this Conference.

Resolution 6. That, in the judgment of the Bishops now assembled, the whole Anglican Communion is deeply injured by the present condition of the Church in Natal; and that a committee be now appointed at this general meeting to report on the best mode by which the Church may be delivered from the continuance of this scandal, and the true faith maintained. That such report be forwarded to His Grace the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, with the request that he will be pleased to transmit the same to all the Bishops of the Anglican Communion, and to ask for their judgment thereupon.

Resolution 7. That we are here present to acquiesce in the resolution of the Convocation of Canterbury, passed on June 29, 1866, relating to the Diocese of Natal, to-wit:

If it be denied that a new Bishop should be consecrated—as to the proper steps to be taken by the members of the Church in the Province of Natal for obtaining a new Bishop, it is the opinion of this House—first, that a formal instrument, declaratory of the doctrine and discipline of the Church of South Africa, should be prepared, which every Bishop, priest and deacon to be appointed to office should be required to subscribe; secondly, that a godly and well learned man should be chosen by the clergy, with the assent of the lay communicants of the Church; and thirdly, that he should be presented for consecration, either to the Archbishop of Canterbury—if the aforesaid instrument should declare the doctrine and discipline of Christ as received by the United Church of England and Ireland—or to the Bishops of the Church of South Africa, according as hereafter may be judged to be most advisable and convenient.

Resolution 8. That, in order to the binding of the Churches of our Colonial Empire and the Missionary Churches beyond them in the closest union with the Mother Church, it is necessary that they receive and maintain without alteration the standards of faith and doctrine as now in use in that Church. Thus, nevertheless, each province should have the right to make such adaptations and additions to the services of the Church as its peculiar circumstances may require: provided, that no change or addition be made inconsistent with the spirit and principles of the Book of Common Prayer, and that all such changes be liable to any revision by Synod of the Anglican Communion in which the said province shall be represented.

Resolution 9. That the Committee appointed by Resolution 5, with the addition of the names of the Bishops of London, St. David's and Oxford, and all the Colonial Bishops, be instructed to consider the constitution of a voluntary spiritual tribunal, to which questions of doctrine may be carried by appeals from the tribunals for exercise of discipline in each province of the Colonial Church, and that their report be forwarded to His Grace and Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, who is requested to communicate it to an adjourned meeting of this Conference.

Resolution 10. That the resolutions submitted to this Conference relative to the discipline to be exercised by Metropolitans, the Court of Metropolitans, the scheme for conducting the election of Bishops, when not otherwise provided for, the declaration of submission to the regulation of the Synods, and the question of what legislation should be proposed for the Colonial Churches, be referred to the committee specified in the preceding resolution.

Resolution 11. That a special committee be appointed to consider the resolution relative to the notification of the proposed Missionary Bishoprics, and the subscribing Ministers of Missionaries.

Resolution 12. That the question of the bounds of the jurisdiction of different Bishops, when any question may have arisen in regard to them, the question as to the obedience of Chaplains of the United Church of England and Ireland on the Continent, and the resolution submitted to the Conference relative to their return and admission into home Dioceses, be referred to the Committee specified in the preceding resolution.

Resolution 13. That we desire to render our hearty thanks to Almighty God for His blessings vouchsafed to us in and by this Conference; and we desire to express our hope that this our meeting may hereafter be followed by other meetings, to be conducted in the same spirit of brotherly love.

After a resolution of hearty thanks to his Grace, the Archbishop of Canterbury, for having presided at it, the Archbishop solemnly offered up the prayer for the church militant. The "Gloria in Excelsis" was then sung by the assembled Bishops; his Grace, the President, pronounced the benediction, and the present session of the Conference came to its close.

From the Home Monthly.]

THE STIRRED NEST.

A SONNET.

BY MARGARET J. PRESTON.

Too much on earth—too much on what most sway
With every overweeping gust of time—
I've placed my hopes where no rude care might climb—
Fond thought!—to mar my way, or steal away
The cherished singers that for many a day
Gladdened me with their music. But God's wind
Came forth
Again and yet again, has wrenched the bough,
And driven my clinging fledglings far and wide,
To wail the refuge which they cannot find,
And fill my ear with plaints e moaning now.
Where shall these scattered homeless wanderers hide,
And build once more? Not here, where storms are rife—
Not here, my heart!—but where no ills betide,
In the safe shelter of the Tree of Life!]
LEXINGTON, VA.

CHRYSTAL THOUGHTS.

Noble Thoughts.—I never found pride in a noble nature, nor humility in an unworthy mind. Of all trees observe that God has chosen the vine, a low plant that creeps upon the hopeful wall; of all beasts, the soft and patient lamb; of all fowls the mild and guileless dove. When God appeared to Moses, it was not in the lofty cedar, nor the spreading palm, but a bush—an humble, abject bush—as if he would by these selections check the conceited arrogance of man. Nothing produces love like humility; nothing hate like pride.

Beautiful Thought.—The same God who moulded the sun and kindled the stars, watches the flight of the insects. He who balances the clouds, and hung the earth upon nothing, notices the fall of the sparrow. He who gives Saturn his wings, and placed the moon like a ball of silver in the broad arch of Heaven, gives the rose leaf its delicate tint, and made the distant sun to nourish the violet. And the same being notices the praises of the cherubim and the prayer of the little child.

The Memory of the Dead.—It is an exquisite and beautiful thing in our nature, that when the heart is touched and softened by some tranquil happiness or affectionate feeling, the memory of the dead comes over it most powerfully and irresistibly. It would almost seem as though our better thoughts and sympathies were charms, in virtue of which the soul is enabled to hold some vague and mysterious intercourse with the spirits of those whom we dearly loved in life. Alas! how often and how long may those patient angels hover about us, watching for the spell which is so seldom uttered, and so soon forgotten?—*Charles Dickens.*

Fact in Friendship.—Is not this a curious fact in all our natures, that we only begin to know the value of friends when they are lost to us forever? It ought to teach us to turn with increased tenderness to those that remain. I always feel that my affection for living friends is enlivened by the reflection that they too pass away. If we were only half as lenient to the living as we are to the dead, how much happiness might we render them, and from how much pain and bitter remorse might we be spared when the grave, "the all-atoning grave" has closed over them.

Keeper of a Liquor Shop.—The first glass sold—the first man made drunk. The first blow given at the bar—the first return home of the son intoxicated. The first night that the wife sat up fearing and dreading her husband's return—the first week that father came home without money to buy food for his family. The first day that workman was turned away because he was drunk. The day he died. The sale of his goods. The bidding for his clock. The day he brought it home. The night when in bed as he heard it strike. The setting up of the balance with the administrator. All of him is finished. The account cancelled.

The widow and children pass his door. He goes in, opens his book on that first account. Shuts it. Walks across the room—comes back, opens it again. *Tries to rub it out.* Can't do it. Shuts the book. Gets his wife's scissors Opens again. Cuts the first leaf out, cuts another. Shuts the book. *Now it's done.*

Dreams at night he is reading the account. Sees the man coming in—can't forget the items of that account. It sleeps, wakes and walks with him; thinks everybody knows it, fears when he dies it will go with him. It is only the account of one man. When the books of God are open, and the account of each man is before him, what will he do?

THE ANSWER.

BY JOHN G. WHITTIER.

"Why call ye me Lord, Lord, and do not the things which I say?"

Not forever on thy knees
Would Jehovah have thee found;
There are burdens thou canst ease;
There are griefs Jehovah sees;
Look around.

Work is prayer if done for God,
Prayer which God delighted hears;
See beside you upturned sod,
One bowed neath affliction's rod;
Dry her tears.

Not long prayers, but earnest zeal;
This is what is wanted more;
Put thy shoulder to the wheel—
Bread unto the famished deal
From thy store.

Not high-sounding words of praise,
Does God want, neath some grand dome,
But that thou the fallen rai e;
Bring the poor from life's highways
To thy home.

Worship God by doing good;
Works, not words; kind acts, not creeds.
He who loves God as he should
Makes his heart's love understood
By kind deeds.

Be it thine life's cares to smother,
And to brighten eyes now dim.
Kind it is done to one another
God accepts as done, my brother,
Unto Him.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

Noon Dispatches.

[WESTERN ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS.]

NEW YORK, November 2.—The *Herald's* Washington special says it is now well known that the negroes in the South are organizing and arming for some purpose which is not peaceful, and it is also known that some district commanders permit them to arm and have furnished them with equipments. President Johnson has referred the facts in these cases to the head of the War Department, and it is probable that he will increase the military force in the South.

It is stated that Gen. Grant refuses the application of the Southern railroads to extend the term fixed on for the payment of their indebtedness.

Gen. Howard will recommend that the Freedmen's Bureau be discontinued as a separate institution when the law expires.

Jefferson Davis' counsel made no reply to the letter regarding the trial. The case will be called at the next session of the Court.

A special to the *Herald*, datod October 30, says Garibaldi's camp is at Castle Vulliellers, five miles distant from Rome, and that he has under his command three thousand soldiers, who are well armed and have plenty of provisions. The General has no artillery except two brass guns, taken from the Papal forces during the fight at Monterondo. They have no tents, and there is very little discipline maintained, and the rear is unguarded. Garibaldi's headquarters are in full view of Rome, and there are no Papal troops between him and the city. The soldiers of the Pope, who have been gradually and steadily falling back for some days, have retired within the line of fortifications of the city. Before the retirement from the field, they burned all the bridges over the river. The Roman peasants residing in the neighborhood of the contending forces take no interest in the progress of affairs; they are engaged at the plow and tending their flocks on the plain the same as usual. Garibaldi's men do not interfere with them. Eight men of Garibaldi's army are to be executed to-morrow, by sentence of court martial, having been convicted of thieving at Monterondo. The men of the force are very enthusiastic in their hopes as to the result of the movement on Rome, but the weather is very cold during nights, and this lessens their patriotism and endurance not a little. Recruits come in at the average of six hundred daily. Arms and provisions are had in large quantities from the province of Peoni. There has been no actual engagement since the fights at Viterbo and Monterondo. The priests fought bravely at Monterondo. After the battle, Garibaldi's officers begged him to shoot at once all the prisoners taken in the action, but he refused promptly and with determination.

The French have not arrived at Rome yet. Signor Accoli was not killed at Viterbo, as at first reported. Garibaldi's sons, Menotti and Reccatti, are both in the camp with their father. They all sleep on the floor of an old monastery. Garibaldi will not advance nearer to Rome until he has 20,000 men at least under his command. He is to day engaged in making an examination of the ruins of the bridges destroyed by the fire of the Papal troops in camp. The General generally retires to his couch about the seventh, and rises at 5 in the morning. It is said that he intends to occupy Montemarce immediately. Two thousand Papal troops well officered and handled in the field, could destroy Garibaldi's force by assault on the rear of his position. Members of the Insurrection Committee are here consulting with Garibaldi. The General regards it as an act of madness to attack Rome with the force now under him. The Italian troops posted on the frontier are in fine condition and advancing.

TERNI, NEAR ROME, October 31.—All the Garibaldian force left here to-day, escorting the Papal military prisoners taken in the late actions, en route toward Florence. The prisoners were insulted at the stations by the people, and some confusion ensued by the Italian police restoring order.

FLORENCE, October 31.—A battalion of Garibaldi's volunteers, from this city, which had marched for the frontier, has been stopped at Naranla by the Italian troops.

Garibaldian demonstrations continue to be made daily in the chief towns of Italy.

LAWRENCE, KANSAS, November 1. The first engine and train of cars crossed Kansas river to-day, on a temporary bridge. The first section of the Lawrence and Galveston Railroad, of eighty miles, will be completed to Ottawa by the first of January. President Sturgis intends to push the work vigorously. The route of the road passes through the great pine regions of Illinois and Arkansas.

Notice.

AT the November Term of the County Court of Shelby county, Tenn., I will apply for Letters of Administration on the estate of Henry Bower, deceased.

J. S. MARKS.
Hallum & Washington, Attorneys.
oc9 law1w*

LOTTERIES.

NO GIFT ENTERPRISE
Or any other Swindle!
MISSOURI AND KENTUCKY STATE AND HAVANA LOTTERIES.

ONLY LEGAL LOTTERIES IN U. S.

THEY are drawn under State Charters; have been drawn for over FORTY YEARS. Bonds must be and are deposited with U. S. Collector as Security.

The prizes are drawn in public by two sworn Commissioners appointed by the State.

Must be drawn if tickets are sold or not.

PRIZES ALL CASH.

There are two State Drawings each day, and two Havana Drawings each month.

Drawings can be seen two hours after purchase of tickets.

One-half the Tickets are Prizes.

Prizes paid on day of purchase.

Tickets $1 to $20, according to Scheme.

Prizes $3 to $100,000, according to Scheme.

Principal Agent, GEO. W. VAN VOAST, No. 10 Jefferson street.

SECOND DRAWING
—OF THE—
Southern Asylum
LAND COMPANY,
TO TAKE PLACE AT
HERNANDO, MISS.,
AUGUST, 1867.

THE First Drawing, which took place at Hernando, Miss., on the 15th inst., was attended with unusual success, when it is remembered that but a few weeks elapsed from the inception of the enterprise to that event. $17,000 worth of tickets having been sold, a like amount of property was drawn for, under the supervision of gentlemen selected by the ticket holders present. The utmost harmony and good feeling pervaded those present, and, as will be seen from the subjoined certificate of the Managers, the affair was conducted to close in a most gratifying and satisfactory manner:

HERNANDO, MISS., June 15, 1867.

We hereby certify that the above report of the First Drawing of the Southern Asylum is correct, and that the proceedings were characterized by a spirit of fairness and justness unsurpassed by any drawing of which we have any knowledge. The Managers of the Company placed the tickets and wheels under our sole management and control.

Signed: J. B. MORGAN,
ROBERT TRIPLETT,
V. A. MERRIWETHER,
W. W. CAMPTON,
M. MAGOFFIN,
JOHN AINSLIE,
Committee.
J. M. HALL, Clerk.

The Prizes drawn on this occasion numbered Forty-seven, and comprised lots in the vicinity of Memphis, Tenn., Corinth, Miss., and Hernando, Miss., deeds to which have been given to the lucky ticket-holders. For this, the Second Drawing, however, we are able to offer our patrons still more attractive inducements to interest themselves in our scheme. From a lengthy list of property, much of which has already been advertised to the public, we select the following:

OUR LIST OF PRIZES.

The First and Capital Prize.

Col. M. C. Galloway's valuable residence, corner of Court and Third streets, Memphis, one block only from the court-house. Well situated in the vicinity of all the Federal, State and County offices. Lot 37½ feet front by 85½ deep. Valued at $20,000.

Second Prize.

A cottage residence of ten rooms, with lot 60x100, in Hyde Park, Chicago, Ill., only three-quarters of a mile from the heart of the city, and within one block of the street railroad intersecting every part of the city. Valued at $5000.

Third Prize.

One residence lot adjoining above property, 25x100 feet; very available for residence and desirably located. Valued at $800.

Fourth Prize.

One residence lot adjoining above property, 25x100 feet. Valued at $800.

Fifth Prize.

One residence lot adjoining above, also 25x100 feet. Valued at $800.

Sixth Prize.

A most valuable manufacturing site with a perpetual fall of 37 feet of water, situated in Winston county, Alabama, with 160 acres of land. Valued at $10,000.

Seventh Prize.

The Franklin Female Institute, at Holly Springs, Miss.; a handsome and well constructed school building, most eligibly located. This is very desirable property. Valued at $8000.

Eighth Prize:

Lot No. 5, in Hays' sub-division, Memphis, size 102x152 feet. A beautiful building lot, Valued at $2000.

Ninth Prize:

75½ acres of woodland near Raleigh, Shelby county, Tennessee, distant from Memphis nine miles. This is very desirab e, and an excellent prize. Valued at $2000.

Tenth Prize:

Cottage Residence, 5 rooms; lot 120x170 feet on Borland avenue, near Memphis and Charleston railroad, near corporation line. Valued at $4000.

Tickets $5 each. May be had of, or ordered through, any of the Company's agents, at the Central Agency, Memphis, Tenn., or of Col. James Strahn, Hernando, Miss.

Stockholders, Directors and Officers of the Company are prohibited from purchasing or holding tickets in any of he drawings. The Company is simply the media for the purchase and sale of real estate between property holders and the general public.

se25 1m

LYONS, FIES & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail
DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, ETC.,
240 Main Street, MEMPHIS, TENN.

H. LYONS, J. FIES, J. SARTORIUS. } PLANTATION SUPPLIES

TO PROPERTY HOLDERS.

ALL Owners of City Real Estate, and all Agents or Owners, are respectfully requested to leave with the undersigned, at the Mayor's office, Memphis, memorandum of any Sales, Leases, Subdivisions, etc., made by them since the last assessment.

JOHN PARK,
L. J. DUPRE,
JOHN T. TREZEVANT,
oc8 Assessors.

IF YOU WANT A
Superior Wagon,
GO TO THE GREAT SOUTHERN
WAGON FACTORY!!

THE Largest Stock in the city—lower than Cincinnati prices, and the best make and material at JAMES & ROGERS,
oct 3m 92 Jefferson street, Memphis.

NEW GOODS!
All the Latest Novelties of the Season!
Every Article Sold by a First Class
DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT
TO BE HAD AT
THOMAS & ARNOLD'S
203 Main Street,
(Between Overton and Worsham Hotels),
For Cash, at Prices to Defy Competition!

WE have connected with our house a Cotton Office, and will pay special attention to the sale of Cotton. Will fill orders for Bagging and Rope, and all kinds of Supplies, at the Lowest Cash Prices. All orders must be accompanied by Cash, Cotton, or some saleable Produce. se21 3m

Gullett's Steel Brush Cotton Gins

Price $6 per Saw. Invariably cash.
ORGILL BROS. & CO.,
Sole Agents in Memphis.

Arrow Cotton Ties—

ORGILL BROS. & CO.,
Sole Agents in Memphis.

Fire and Burglar Proof Safes—

Marvin & Co.'s greatly celebrated Fire and Burglar Proof Safes for business houses and bankers; also, PLATE SAFES for parlors, at manufacturers prices.

ORGILL BROS. & CO.,
Sole Agents in Memphis.

1800 bxs. French Window Glass.

Imported direct, and for sale by
au9 3m ORGILL BROS. & CO

GRAND OPENING--BILLIARDS
The Donegana Billiard Hall,
Corner Second and Madison Sts.,
(Late Stillman Hall.)

THE undersigned begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has sold his leasehold interest in the late Eldorado Billiard Hall. He has refitted and newly refurnished the above establishment as a First Class Billiard Hall, and is now prepared to accommodate the public in a style second to no establishment in the Southwest.

oc9 1m M. M. MCKEOGH, Proprietor.

WHITEMAN BROS.,
Manufacturers of and Dealers in
PRINTING PAPER,
No. 59 Northeast cor. Public Square, Nashville. | No. 37 South Court Street, Memphis.

Notice.

WILL sell my lower Plantation in Tunica county, or exchange it for other good property, or lease it for the next year or for a series of years. It is one of the highest and best in the bottom, about 40 miles below Memphis.

A. WRIGHT.
jy19 tf

INSURANCE.

PLANTERS'
INSURANCE COMPANY
OF TENNESSEE.

Capital. : : : : $200,000.

Southwest Corner Main and Madison, Up Stairs,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

N. B. FORREST.....President.
F. P. DOUGHERTY.....Treasurer.
W. H. DEDRICK.....Secretary.
T. F. KENYON.....Assistant Secretary.
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THE FRANKLIN
INSURANCE AND BANKING COMPANY

HAVE resum

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

Vera Atque Honesta Dicere.

SUNDAY.....NOVEMBER 3, 1867

ALBERT PIKE, EDITOR.
LEON TROUSDALE, ASSOCIATE EDITOR.
St. CLAIR DEARING, NEWS EDITOR.
HARRY BEERS, LOCAL EDITOR.
R. T. ENGLISH, COMMERCIAL, FINANCIAL AND RIVER EDITOR.
JOHN AINSLIE, CASHIER AND BUSINESS MANAGER.

Editorial Rooms—No. 302 MAIN STREET, UP STAIRS, OVER GERMAN NATIONAL BANK.
Business Office—No. 12 MADISON STREET.

AGENTS.

J. D. Rasberry, general agent for Arkansas.
John E. Reardon, Little Rock, Ark.
Richard Thruston, Van Buren, Ark.
Read Fletcher, Pine Bluff, Ark.
Jno. B. Eskin, Washington, Ark.
Rev. A. R. Winfield, Camden, Ark.
C. G. Joy, Bolivar, Tenn.

PRINCIPLES GOVERNING THE CONDUCT OF THE APPEAL.

A GOVERNMENT of white men for white men; and no political miscegenation.

LOYALTY to the Union of the STATES: FIDELITY to the Constitution in its true extent and meaning: Obedience to and maintenance of all law, State and National, constitutionally enacted.

RESISTANCE to Tyranny, Usurpation and Oppression, of one man or many; and to all encroachments upon the rights of freemen or of States, or upon the Just and Constitutional prerogatives of any Department of the State or National Governments.

No ESTABLISHMENTS of Military despotisms, no enthroning of martial law, no suspension of the writ of Habeas Corpus, no slaying of citizens by Military Commission, no interference with the Courts, no *lettres de cachet*, in time of peace.

STRICT SUBORDINATION of the Military to the Civil Power.

NO STANDING ARMIES of States in time of peace.

RESTORATION of disfranchised citizens to all rights and privileges of which they have been disseized; no prosecutions or disqualifications for political opinions; for the PAST, oblivion of offences; for the PRESENT and FUTURE, UNION, PEACE, LAW and ORDER.

PERPETUAL ASSURANCE to all freemen of the African race, of all the CIVIL rights of freemen.

No REPUDIATION, by State or Nation, of any honest and lawful debt.

No REVIVAL of old party differences; but a Union of all Conservative men, of all former parties, who revere the Constitution, to restore the old land-marks of the Government.

NO LEGISLATION to plunder one portion of the country for the profit of another portion.

WHATEVER is JUST; whatever is HONEST; whatever is of GOOD REPUTE, and worthy of the descendants of English freemen.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous Communications. Whatever is intended for insertion in the APPEAL must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer, as a guarantee of his good faith and responsibility.

Business letters should be addressed to "THE APPEAL," Memphis.

Communications for publication must be written on one side of the page only, and with all other matters connected with the editorial department, should be addressed: EDITORS OF THE APPEAL, Memphis.

We cannot, as a rule, undertake to return articles not found suitable for publication.

THE PAST TEACHING THE PRESENT AND THE FUTURE.

USURPATIONS.

THE CONSCRIPTION ACTS.

War is the fruitful dam of abuses and usurpations, and never fails to invest unworthy men with power. We learned during the four years of war, the full meaning of the words, "The laws are silent amid arms." We seemed to have outlived the law, and to have forgotten that once we were not slaves.

Whenever reason shall have completely resumed her sway over men's minds, and necessity no longer compels abandonment of principle, no intelligent court, lawyer or statesman will doubt the palpable unconstitutionality of the Confederate conscription act. The extent of the claim of power, preferred by it on behalf of the Confederate Government, was this: that whenever the country should be at war, the Congress had the power, without calling upon the States to furnish quotas or the whole of their militia, to declare *all* the male inhabitants of all the States, of any age, able to bear arms, to be in the military service of the Confederate States and to compel them to assemble in camps, and become part of the army of the Confederate States for the whole war: that it was wholly within the discretion of Congress, to allow any exemptions at all; and that it was not bound to respect or regard the laws of the respective States, exempting certain persons from militia duty; that it might take *all*, without respect of persons—the Governor, Legislature and Judges of the State included; that it might take all men in a particular State and march them for the war across the continent, leaving their own State defenceless, and abandoned to the enemy; and, finally, that the troops thus forced into the service were to be organized and officered as Congress might direct, without any respect whatever to the State laws in regard to their militia; the officers of the militia, under the State laws, being thus reduced to the ranks and made to serve as privates.

We know that it was debated in the Provisional Congress, in December, 1861, whether the *volunteers*, composing the then Provisional Army, were not part of the militia of the States; whether they should not have been organized into brigades according to the State laws, and whether the appointments of Brigadiers for them by the President were not null and void. Mr. BARNWELL raised the question, and Mr. TOOMBS was of that opinion.

We think they were mistaken, because we think that the Provisional army was part of the army of the Confederate States, who could as well raise an army for one year as for five or ten, and fill its ranks by recruits volunteering for a year, in companies, battalions and regiments, quite as legitimately as it could fill them by recruits accepted singly.

That the matter was so discussed, however, is of no small significance. We suppose few men doubted, under the old Constitution, that the United States could only have the services of the militia of the States by calling upon the States to furnish their quotas. And Judge WOODWARD, of Pennsylvania, we believe, decided that the law of the United States for the compulsory drafting of men, was unconstitutional and void.

It will at once strike any man who reflects a moment upon it, that if the power claimed by the Confederate conscription act existed, the Sovereignty of the States was a mere empty phrase, and the Confederate Government was far more sovereign than ever the United States were claimed to be. The power claimed, was the power to annihilate the State Governments altogether. The reader will already have seen how prone the advocates of State-Rights have ever been to adopt measures and yield to innovations utterly irreconcilable with those rights. We believe the Supreme Court of Georgia decided the law constitutional; by what argument reaching the conclusion, we do not know. Decisions on such questions, affirming the existence of a power supposed to be indispensably necessary to the salvation of the country, are of no great weight, and entitled to little respect. The strain is too great upon the judicial conscience.

We should suppose that, by this time, most thinking men in the South would be satisfied, that, in this, as in other matters, in a war fought to establish or vindicate the rights of the States, under States'-rights leaders, it would have been wiser and better to *respect* the rights of the States somewhat, and consider their self-respect and dignity a little. Every State would readily have furnished all its militia. There was no need of a Confederate Press-gang in the shape of enrolling officers, to furnish all the men whom the Government could arm. And we all now see that a conscription act which forces all citizens of a certain age to serve, must in the end, besides exhausting the country in a given time, have the evil effect of begetting the idea that the war is not willingly carried on, and its burdens cheerfully borne, by the people. It was also, in many localities, brutally executed, and cost the lives of thousands upon thousands of persons really not able or fit to undergo the fatigues and privations of a soldier's life.

True, the heart of the people *was* in the war, and they did cheerfully bear its burthens. They served without murmuring, when young, able-bodied owners of slaves were left at home or fled into Texas, to take care of their property; and while they received, towards the last, only seventeen dollars a month, *in paper which the Government itself refused to receive in payment of the tax on gold, except at its value of five cents per dollar.* They served cheerfully, while their wives and children were wailing, at home, for corn, to make themselves bread. The war was emphatically the people's war, waged by them in the face of every discouragement and in despite of every conceivable folly on the part of the Government, of vast abuses in administration, immense misery everywhere, of usurpations, blunders, and military tyranny. Let history look into these, for the causes of defeat and the inutility of efforts. Men are neither machines nor brutes. The soul, even of a soldier, merits *some* regard.

The Northern and Southern conscription acts were twin creations; despotic autocracy being the sire of each, and contempt of the rights of the States and people the foul and fruitful dam. A thoughtful student of human nature cannot but note and admire the singular parallelism of events in the North and in the South, and how the same causes, there and here, have produced the same effects. We do not mean, by 'events,' military operations and battles. These, in comparison with other things that have occurred and are still occurring, with the organic changes being silently or noisily effected, are as really unimportant to history and mankind as the battles of ALEXANDER and PORUS. They are but the bubbles and gaseous explosions that result from and accompany the great chemical changes and convulsions which are being wrought, deep in the bosom of the volcano. What is most important to the human race, is the disintegration of Constitutional Government, and the certain and not slow replacement of it by despotism. The forms remain, as do those of the fibres and circles in petrified wood; but the silex is rapidly displacing the woody fibre, throughout the whole. The hearts of both Constitutions, at one and the same time,

> "like muffled drums, were beating
> Funeral marches to the grave."

It has long ceased to be a question, in either the North or the South, *of retaining* or *preserving*, and become one of *recovering* and *re-conquering* constitutional liberty.

The National Constitutions were violated and the rights of the States disregarded by the President, the Congress and the Military alike, in the North and South. On the 12th of April, 1864, F. W. DICKINSON, 1st Lieut., 5th Cavalry, Act'g Adj't, addresses, from "Head Quarters, Cavalry Detachment, District of St. Mary's, Leonardtown, Maryland," an *order* to the Publisher and Proprietor of the St. Mary's *Gazette*, Leonardtown, Md., notifying him that the Commander of the detachment *desires* that he will not publish or make any allusion in the *Gazette* to the "treasonable and disgraceful speech" of the member of Congress from that District, delivered in the House of Representatives on the 9th instant. This was only a fair sample of the condition of things all over the North, when a new Chapter was added to the law of Treason, making free speech and discussion of the measures of the Government treasonable, as in England it was for a long time treasonable to imagine compassing the King's death. In the Confederacy the President never dreamed of interfering with the freedom of the Press; and the Richmond *Examiner* denounced his administration, without stint or moderation, during the whole war. The Congress, in the third year of the war, by an act creating military despotism, did adopt the Northern code as to treasonable utterances, and authorize illegal arrests and detentions for acts not known to the law as crimes: but in the North the right of free speech was virtually annihilated from the beginning. A republic is always more prone to repress it, than an absolute monarchy is. And yet it had been but a few short years since DANIEL WEBSTER, of Massachusetts, uttered these memorable words:

> "Free speech is a homestead right, a fireside privilege. It has ever been enjoyed in every house, cottage and cabin in the nation. It is not to be drawn in controversy. It is as undoubted as the right of breathing the air and walking on the earth. It is a right to be maintained in peace and war. It is a right which cannot be invaded without destroying Constitutional liberty. Hence this right should be guarded and protected by the freemen of this country with a jealous care, unless they are prepared for chains and anarchy."

There can be no free speech, where men can be silenced and gagged by military arrest, for any expressions of discontent or fault-finding; upon an arrest for which, the writ of Habeas Corpus is paralyzed. One stroke of paralysis, it is well known, never fails to be followed by others, and they recur at intervals, until death ensues.

Would it not have been deemed disloyalty, at any time within the last five years, would it not be deemed so now, in the Southern Provinces, to say with JOHN HANCOCK in 1774, that, 'It is to the last degree vicious and infamous to attempt to support a Government which manifestly tends to render the persons and property of the governed insecure. Some boast of being friends to Government: I am a friend to *righteous* Government, to a Government founded upon the principles of reason and justice: *but I glory in publicly avowing my eternal enmity to tyranny.*'

THE NEW YORK AND OTHER ELECTIONS.

The elections to occur in New York and other Northern States on Tuesday next, assume an importance not due to any that were ever held on this continent.

In view of the moral influence they will exert upon the political, material and social status of the South, upon the restoration of business and prosperity throughout the country, and upon the character of our civilization and the permanence of free representative Government, it may be said that there is not a human being of any age, sex or race who is not deeply interested in the success of the Conservatives and Democrats. Contradictory as it may seem to the minds of the nigger-worshippers, it is nevertheless true that the negroe's interests and future welfare are more deeply staked on the result of these elections than that of any other class. The claim to domineer over this country, set up by the Profligates of Party and the Assassins of Liberty, for the negro, will as surely prove his ultimate ruin, if successful, as the well known fact that he is incapable of the high civilization which is the final destiny of this country. It would be as wise and as safe to put the most unskillful negro brakeman in charge of all our railroad trains as it is to make these illiterate semi-savages the legislators and conductors of the Government. The negro being himself interested in the success of the Government, should not wish to run it to destruction. This matter of interest, it so happens, is the very fact used by the Jacobin Destructives as an argument why the negro should be entrusted with political control. It is in truth one of the most forcible and conclusive reasons, as applied to the negro himself, why he should be excluded from political power. All the elections, in which he has participated, demonstrate beyond all cavil or doubt, that the negro, when clothed with the political franchise, has no higher aspiration than to impress African barbarism and ignorance upon the polity and laws of the country. So far as he shall have the power, he intends to exercise it to trample down the white race and make a Hayti of the Union. The late elections in the South sufficiently prove this pregnant and appalling fact. Aside from the retrograde influence thus brought to bear upon the African race, what a Pandemonium does it open up to the white race of the South—what horrors does it foreshadow for the entire nation! The moral influence of the elections next Tuesday, if they result in the triumph of the Conservatives, *must* eventuate in the check of this tide of Africanization which gives us a view of the most horrid picture in the book of Time. We care not how reckless or daring the Radical leaders may be, they *dare not resist* the thunder tones of a popular verdict so significant of their wishes and so condemnatory of their atrocious schemes, as will be implied by the success of the Democrats in New York and other States, who are to proclaim their judgments so soon after the popular storm in Pennsylvania and Ohio has swept away their cunning devices to enthral the American people by the dethronement of every guaranty and every muniment of the Constitution, to secure personal liberty, life and property. Let them proceed, in the face of such demonstrations as these, to consummate their daring usurpations, and to erect their atrocious dominion upon the ruins of the prescriptive charts of English and American freedom, and we mistake the temper of the freemen of the North, long-suffering and much forbearing as they have been, if they do not visit them with penalties, compared to which dungeons, racks, torture and death would be mild indeed. With all their daring recklessness, they cannot summon heroism enough to face the frowns of a thoroughly aroused, fiercely indignant and basely betrayed constituency.

THE ROBBER'S PLEA.

The New York *Tribune* makes up the following issue in a late double-leaded leader. It is the robber's plea. The bugle-blast of a robber band could not be more clear and distinct as to its meaning than for the *Tribune* to pretend that because a monstrous iniquity has once prevailed it can never be abated. A cotemporary very pertinently asks the *Tribune* to tell how the white men of the South have been disfranchised, "except by usurpation and revolutionary violence." And we may add, how has the negro been enfranchised except by these violent and revolutionary means. The *Tribune* says:

> What then, do you mean by Conservatism?
>
> Do you mean to keep this whole country in turmoil and contention throughout the next four years, in the desperate hope that out of this may therefore be able to disfranchise the Four Millions of Southern Blacks, and put them under the feet of their late rebel masters?
>
> If *that* is your game, what sort of crops, of trade, of payments, can you expect from the South meantime? What hope can you cherish that the country will ever be pacified?
>
> It is one thing to deny the right of suffrage to a down-trodden race; it is quite another to deprive them of it after they have gained and exercised it. We defy the wit of man to tell how the blacks of South Carolina, Mississippi and Florida, after they shall have voted and chosen State officers and members of Congress, are to be disfranchised, except by usurpation and revolutionary violence. Virginia has shown you that they will not disfranchise themselves.

LEGISLATIVE.

THURSDAY, October 31.—Senator Rodgers yesterday introduced a resolution instructing our Senators and Representatives in Congress to advocate the collection of all the forfeited bonds given by Southern men during the war for their loyalty, and providing that the money collected therefrom be appropriated to indemnify loyal men for their losses by the rebellion. This plan is intended to supercede the indemnity bill heretofore presented.

House joint resolution requesting our Senators and Representatives in Congress to ask for an appropriation to remove the obstructions to navigation in the Tennessee river was rejected.

The session of the House yesterday was principally devoted to the consideration of House bill prohibiting Presidents, Directors, Agents or Superintendents of railroads from leasing or consolidating any road in the State without the consent of the stockholders.

After several unsuccessful attempts at amendment, the vote was taken on the final passage of the bill, and resulted, ayes, fifty one, noes, seventeen. A motion to reconsider was entered by Mr. Bosson.

CORRESPONDENCE OF THE APPEAL.

DEER CREEK, WASHINGTON CO., MISS., November 1, 1867.

Editors Memphis Appeal:

Dear Sirs:—Under the impression that the great masses of the people, as well as many in the commercial world are still ignorant of the extensive ravages committed by the army worm on the present crop of cotton, I have concluded, now that the work of ruin is about complete, to add a word in reference to the matter, especially as regards this immediate section of the country.

Of the almost complete destruction of the plant in Louisiana, embracing the extensive Red river lands, the Teche and Texas sections; portions of Georgia, Alabama, South Mississippi and the course sections of Texas, your readers have been previously informed. A letter, just to hand, from the upper east lands in Texas, in the Palestine regions, informs me of the ruin of the crop there.

The worm made its appearance late in this county, and but for the lands having been overflowed, making the crop some four weeks behind time, and the plant young and tender, the effects would not have been so disastrous. As it is, I have conversed freely with intelligent planters from different parts of the country, and the general opinion is, that the crop is cut short one-third of what would have been a very short crop at best. Immediately on the creek for twenty miles above and below my place, the damage has been much greater, say from one-third to two-thirds short. On this place I am sure we had ten thousand dollars in value destroyed in ten days, and many of my neighbors fared no better.

The result is that not one in ten who planted this, will be able to procure the capital to plant next year, and in the prophetic language of the lamented Judge Shall Yerger, "this country equal to any in the world in richness of soil will grow up a wilderness." Speaking of this good and great man, whose loss we all feel and deplore, he further predicted that in coming years, "India would ship her cotton up the Mississippi to New York, to supply Northern manufactories," "that Mississippi would not make more cotton than would be needed for her own consumption." Now, sir, if the index hand which points to the future, assures us of any thing, it is that the freedmen, bewildered as he is by politics, won't work; for in proportion as you put his thick cranium to thinking, it displaces all thought of work. Some of my neighbors, who planted largely, in cotton, say from four to six hundred acres, will not tie 100 bales. Thus on a line of twenty miles on the creek, two hundred thousand dollars has been lost to the planters by this year's effort to make cotton, in provisions for hands and teams. I do not belong to that class of religionists who can discern a special providence in every fortuitous event which occurs in this world of complications, for as "High as the heavens is above the earth so high are his ways and thoughts above ours;" but what means this universal blow at the cotton plant, not only in the Gulf but Middle States, in such a variety of soil and climate? It cannot be atmospheric, and yet there is a cause. If Providence speaks in this matter, does it not say to the white men in the South "you shall not grow cotton to the prejudice of every other interest and comfort, and make yourselves "hewers of wood and drawers of water," for a corrupt Government that seeks only your destruction, and their own aggrandizement by taxation, oppression and negro supremacy?" and may it not be designed as a check upon the collection of so many negroes upon one piece, which is beyond doubt exceedingly corrupting. The negroes, already demoralized by the failure, are preparing to go North, many of them, and with some Memphis seems to be the point of attraction, while those who resided there before the war are beginning to lay claims to the lands and offices. There are candidates on this place for nearly every office in the county, and in the county for every office in the State—while the black prelates, with their dense and sable crowds, make night hideous with what they call religious meetings, shouting senseless pratings and prayers, offensive to God and disgusting to man. They are estimated ten to one in this county, and on a day appointed for working the road below me, there were ten white men and one hundred and seventy-five colored. With the spirit and temper that now characterize them, the time is rapidly approaching when this will be a Pandemonium in a state of active ebullition. I hope not to be here to witness the catastrophe.

Yours truly,
J. W. PHILLIPS.

COL. RAULSTON, Representative of Marion county in the Legislature, died at Nashville on the 31st ult., of pneumonia.

THE Cumberland University, of Lebanon, Tenn., has received a donation of $35,000, and the University of Mississippi, at Oxford, Miss., has been the recipient of $25,000, during the present year. So says the New York *Herald*.

—Elections will be held on the first Tuesday of November in the States of New York, New Jersey, Massachusetts, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Kansas and Maryland.

—The Cunard steamship company started twenty-seven years ago with four steamers, and now has twenty-four.

—Mrs. Lincoln, in September, 1865, received $3007 from Rhode Island, the amount collected by one dollar subscriptions for the widow of the murdered President. Parties in that State hold Mrs. Lincoln's receipt for the money.

GENERAL NEWS ITEMS.

—The President has not yet signed the pardon of Gen. Marmaduke, but he has been recommended for pardon by the Attorney General.

—An exulting Western Democrat says: The Democracy have Chased one Presidential aspirant off the track and have Waded into another terribly; and they both have been or will be pretty well Vallandighammered.

—Antiquarian researches around Nashville have revealed the site of an ancient and populous town. Pottery, bones, shell ornaments, images, and so forth, have been dug up from mounds of elaborate construction. The search is to be continued.

—The prevalence of fever at Yale College is only the unusually violent symptom of a trouble which has always existed there. The beautiful elm trees are crowded too thickly near the buildings, depriving them of sunshine, and make the lower stories damp and unwholesome. Shade is a good thing; but a brick building must have the sun on it from roof to basement.

—The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has decided that the selling, or offering to sell, distilled spirits at less than two dollars per wine gallon does not raise any presumption in law that the tax has not been paid, because the spirits may have been rectified and diluted.

—It is not intended by the recent cotton regulation—series 3, No. 5—to require permits and bill of lading for the removal of cotton from point to point within the district where the same is produced, as in case of removal from such district. A collector should not exact a fee of the taxpayer for marking his cotton.

—Fifteen members of the Cincinnati Turners' Society, who voted against the impartial suffrage amendment, have been called to answer before the Executive Board of that society why they should not be expelled, having in so voting violated one of their pledges on joining the society, to advocate and support everything tending to give equal rights to all men. Only two of the fifteen have appeared for trial thus far. One of them cleared himself, and the other was convicted and expelled.

One man has a right to own as much property as any other, the agrarians declare. Common sense says that he certainly has as much right to an equal share of property, as he has to equal political power over his fellow men. The Turners of Cincinnati ought to take this matter under consideration.

—John Patterson and a man named Hatchell are in jail at Franklin, Indiana, the former accused of the murder of David Lyons, at Greenwood, Indiana, and the latter supposed to be an accomplice of Patterson, and also accused of committing murder in Kentucky, where they have been from jail on October 21st by a mob, and conveyed to Schofield's woods, near the town, and hung there. Hatchell nearly succeeded in making his escape while on his way to the place of execution, but was fired on and captured. At the first attempt to hang Hatchell the rope broke, when another was procured and the deed completed. The *Journal's* correspondent says an inquest is being held to-day at the Courthouse, and there is no little excitement in consequence of the affair.

—Atlanta papers of October 31, contain accounts of a bloody row on election day at Fayetteville, Georgia, by which one white man and several negroes were killed. The difficulty is reported to have been brought about by two white men, between whom there was an old feud, and who had not met for years, until at the polls. A bloody encounter at once commenced, numbers of persons taking part, the row winding up as stated. The military were sent from Griffin to the scene of disturbance.

—Last night near Roulsten station, on the North western railroad, the passenger train was thrown from the track by spreading of rails. A brakesman by the name of Lynch was killed and a number of persons were bruised. The baggage and express cars were thrown down an embankment of fifteen feet.

—A pawnbroker in Nashville, named Cohen, was robbed last night of jewelry and valuables to the extent of eight thousand dollars.

—The value of the taxable property in Great Britain is $36,000,000,000; in the United States it is estimated at $14,000,000,000. In Great Britain the government tax amounts to twenty cents on the one hundred dollars. In this country the rate of taxation is three dollars and ninety-three cents on the one hundred dollars. In addition to this we must here take into account our State, county and corporation taxes, which have been monstrously increased by the corruptions and irresponsibility which have crept into the government, the aggregate of our taxation thus running up to an amount considerably greater than that collected by Great Britain upon taxable property of three times the value.

—The following is a return of the cotton crop for 1867, taken by the Bureau of Statistics. The returns are from four hundred and eighty-four divisions, several divisions yet remaining to hear from, and show that five million and sixty-seven thousand and twenty-five acres have been planted in cotton, and that the estimated yield is one million five hundred and sixty-eight thousand four hundred and one bales of four hundred pounds each—the latter being the weight assumed in the census of 1860. The yield of 1860 was three million six hundred and fifty-six thousand and eighty-six bales of four hundred pounds each. It is estimated by the Bureau that the returns from the mill not materially alter the above figures.

A letter from Canea, the principal seaport in Crete, dated September 23, says several severe shocks of earthquake had occurred in that town, causing great destruction and alarm throughout the town. The first shock occurred on Thursday, September 9, at 5:40 p.m. A trembling sensation was felt, causing the buildings to shake; everybody rushed out of the houses; the heat was rather oppressive; although the water did not appear disturbed, the ships in the harbor were trembling like a leaf. The shock which lasted four seconds was felt (though not so severely) in the villages round Canea. Twelve hours afterwards a second and much more violent shock was experienced, doing great damage to all the houses, roofs falling in and walls down in all directions.

—The New Orleans *Picayune* thus advises its readers of the abatement of the epidemic in that city: The disease of yellow fever, since the last week of September, has been steadily on the decrease, and we think it can now be safely asserted that it is no longer epidemic. With a continuance of the cool weather we are now having, it will soon disappear entirely. The "lagging frost," besides, must be near at hand. Though the fever is now rapidly decreasing, and has evidently run its course, we would still advise our absent citizens, or all unacclimated persons, not to come here yet. Let them remain away fully ten days longer. Within that time several good frosts may be expected. The fate of the absent and unacclimated who came to this city in the fall of 1853, even after the Board of Health had decared the disease no longer epidemic, should be remembered.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

Night Dispatches.

[WESTERN ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS.]

CHICAGO, November 2.—The machine shop, foundry, lumber and lumber sheds, with tools and machinery belonging to the Chicago, Alton and St. Louis railroad, at Bloomington, Illinois, was destroyed by fire last night. Loss, $12,000 to $13,000.

WASHINGTON, November 2.—The following order was issued by Grant today: "Officers belonging to commands stationed in the South, who have been absent from their commands on account of yellow fever, will proceed to their places in time to be present thereat by the 30th of this month.

Internal revenue receipts to-day, $1,969,000; for week, $6,019,000; for fiscal year $73,088,000.

NEW YORK, November 2.—The *Times* has the following special: "Previous to the suspension of Stanton, he fixed November 1st as the time when certain railroads to which the President had granted extension, should expire. The Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad, a short time since, made application to Grant for further extension. He has decided to refuse, and no more extensions will be granted to Southern railroads.

Gen. Howard has made his report to Grant. He says the amount of abandoned lands in possession of the Bureau is 215,024 acres, and the number of pieces of town property 959.

BOSTON, November 2.—The entire people are in mourning for the death of Gov. Andrews. His funeral was attended by thousands.

FOREIGN.

LIVERPOOL, November 2.—Cotton dull and unchanged. Corn, 49s 6d. Lard, 52s 9d. Tallow, 45s.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

NEW ORLEANS, November 2.—Cotton, easier; sales, 1450 bales; middlings, 17½@18c; receipts, 260 bales; exports, 2329 bales. No change in sugar and molasses. Flour, quiet and steady; superfine, $10 25; choice, $14@15. Corn, dull, $1 50. Pork, dull at $23 75. Bacon, dull; shoulders, 14½c; clear sides, 18½c. Lard declined ½c. Gold, 40½; sterling, 50@53; York sight, ½ discount.

CINCINNATI, November 2.—Flour, dull and irregular. Corn, dull. Mess pork, in demand at $20. Bacon, unimproved. Lard, 12½c.

NEW YORK, November 2.—Flour, $10 14. Wheat, firmer. Corn, dull, $1 36@1 38. Oats, lower. Pork, lower; $21@21 30. Lard dull, 12¾@13c. Whisky quiet. Cotton, lower, 18½@19c. Rye, dull; Carolina, 9½@10. Sugar, quiet. Coffee, firm.

Money stronger at 7c. The bank statement shows the increase of loans to be $416 770; specie, 281,337; circulation, $11,966; deposits, $5,145,597; legal tenders, $10,141 24; Governments closed stronger; fines of 1862, 108½; 1864, 105½; tens, 100½ seven's, 105½. Exchange dull. Gold closed 140¼. Stocks closed dull. Balance in sub-treasury, $101,264,967.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

GRAVES.—The friends and acquaintances of Rev. J. R. GRAVES are invited to attend the funeral services of his deceased wife, from the First Baptist Church, at 2 o'clock this afternoon. Services by Rev. Dr. Ford.

LEHNER.—The friends and acquaintances of Mrs. Julia Lehner and family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral of her son JOHN, from her residence, No. 185 Second street, this (Sunday) afternoon at 2 o'clock.

DIED.

ROHR—Died, on Friday morning the 1st inst., Master OTTO ROHR, a bright, promising youth of eighteen summers.

Beloved by all who knew him, his energy and intelligence destined him to a prominent place among the useful; but God in His wisdom willed it otherwise, and took him from us. He gave, and He has taken away.

"The pride of pomp, the highth of pow'r,
All that beauty, all that wealth e'er gave,
Alike await the inevitable hour,
The paths of glory leads but to the grave."

HANBURY.—Died, of yellow fever, at the residence of her brother, Thos. E. Hanbury, Rayburn avenue, at 6 o'clock a.m., November 1st, MISS LAURA A. HANBURY, of Petersburg, Va., aged fourteen years.

Petersburg, Va., papers please copy.

RUTHERFORD.—Died, at Mastersville, Texas, October 14, after a protracted illness, THOMAS RUTHERFORD, formerly of this city.

NEW ADVERTISEME'TS

A Bargain Offered.

A PAIR of handsome Family HORSES and CARRIAGE can be bought for City Scrip, if applied for immediately—owner having no use for them. Apply to
W. B. DONOHO, 321 Main st.
nov3 3t*

$2,000 Reward!

WILL be paid for detection and conviction of incendiary concerned in burning or the Wait Block on Sunday last, by
ALEXANDER STODDART,
Manager of "Underwriters' Agency" New York City.
nov3 1w

Removal.

LAWRENCE & CARTER have removed to No. 222 Front street, between Adams and Jefferson.

Copartnership.

WE have associated with us in the General Commission business, Mr. GEO. W. GILMORE, late of Mobile, Ala., dating from 25th ult. The style of firm will be LAWRENCE, CARTER & CO.
LAWRENCE & CARTER.
nov3 1w

SALE OF THE

Trezevant Lands

On Thursday, November 14.

ON the near approach of this important sale, we deem it due to inform those parties wishing to examine the grounds before the sale, that a conveyance to the premises will leave our office DAILY AT NINE A.M., and return at one o'clock.

The sale will open at Lot Number One, on the Old State Line road, opposite the residence of Col. W. T. Avery.

Public competition having been invited, no bid will be received at private sale.

Every lot put up will be sold positively and without reserve, and with the pledge of the name and the Auctioneers that there shall be no fictitious bidding.
KOYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.,
nov2 1w Auctioneers.

MARLAND L. PERKINS,
ASSISTANT U.S. ATTORNEY,
SOLICITOR IN BANKRUPTCY,
—AND—
PROCTOR IN ADMIRALTY.

Office, No. 450 Main St., Waldran Block, Memphis, Tenn.

E. D. LAWRENCE, C. B. CARTER, GEO. W. GILMORE
LAWRENCE, CARTER & CO.,
GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
No. 222 Front Street,
nov3 MEMPHIS, TENN.

Notice.

State of Tennessee, County of Shelby.

TAKE NOTICE, that at the December term of the Probate Court of Shelby county, to be held at the Court-room in Memphis on the first Monday in December, 1867, I will apply for Letters of Administration on the estate of Mrs. M. E. Watson, deceased.
MARY PATTERSON.
R. S. LEE, Attorney.

FARGASON, CORDES & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
328 FRONT STREET,
MEMPHIS.
nov2 1m

MENKEN BROTHERS
WILL OPEN
MONDAY, NOV. 4,
A SUPERB LINE OF
De Laines,
At 20 Cents a Yard.

ELEGANT DRESS GOODS,
20 Cents a Yard.

HANDSOME DE LAINES
—AT—
MENKEN BRO.'S,
At 20 Cents a Yard.

Will be Open Monday, Nov. 4th.

JUST RECEIVED FROM NEW YORK,
—A LINE OF—,
De LAINES,
At 20 Cents a Yard.
nov1
J. B. WASSON & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in
DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS,
OILS, DYESTUFFS,
Pomades, Perfumeries, Etc.,
And an endless variety of
Fancy Toilet Articles, Etc.,
Too tedious here to enumerate.

SUCCESSORS TO
Messrs. NIPGEN & REAKIRT, and of JOHN A. NIPGEN, No. 318 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.

ASSOCIATED with this House are Messrs. H. F. Farnsworth, John C. Reakirt, Richard Brewster, James Boon, George Gourlay and others, all of whom are well and favorably known in this city and throughout the South generally, as thorough practical Druggists and correct business men of long and tried experience. And with our personal knowledge and familiarity with the wants of our numerous friends and patrons, and our strict attention to business, we are determined to make this the

Wholesale Drug Emporium
OF THE SOUTH.

We would therefore offer special inducements to dealers in this city and country generally, to favor us with their confidence, assuring them that as we import direct from foreign markets, and purchase from the original manufacturers and first-hand dealers of this country, in unbroken packages, we therefore expect to be able to offer goods in quality and at prices that will defy competition. Respectfully,

J. B. WASSON & CO., Prop'rs,
No. 318 Main street, Memphis.
☞ Sign of the Big Mortar. oct26 1f

Birds! Birds!

JUST ARRIVED, the finest collection of German Canaries ever in this city. Also, fancy Cages, White Polish Larks, Black and Tan Dogs, English Terriers and Guinea Pigs, which will be for sale for only a few days, at 66½ Jefferson street, near the Postoffice. nov2 3t*

ELSON'S
MAMMOTH CHEAP STORE!
297 Main Street.

"Break" in the New York Markets.

OUR Buyer in New York having bought during the recent "Break," a large Stock of Goods at Panic Prices, we shall offer

For This Week Only,

Commencing October 28th,

Best Fast Color Calicos, 12½ cents;
Fine Yard Wide Bleached Domestics, 12½ cents per yard—finer price, 20 cents;
All Wool Flannels, 50 cts per yard;
Jouvin's Kid Gloves, $1 25 per pair;
Whalebone Corsets, $1 25 per pair;
A complete stock of Mourning Goods;
Fine Brown Domestics, 12½ cents per yard;
Satinet for Men's and Boys' Clothing, 25 cents per yard.

Dress Goods! Dress Goods!

A New and Complete Stock will be opened and offered at Panic Prices.

Remember, we offer these Goods for THIS WEEK ONLY, as we are confident that the same goods will be worth DOUBLE the Price we are asking now in ten days.

All our stock is fresh and seasonable and bought during the Panic in New York within the last two weeks.

GENTS' CLOTHING,

A Full and Complete Stock at very low prices. Gents' Winter Pants, from $1 25 to $5 a pair; Cloth Cassimere and Velvet Vests, from $1 25 to $3 each;
Fine Business Coats, from $4 to $6 50 each;
Heavy Overcoats, from $4 to $12 50 each;
Men's Hats, from $2 to $5;
Gents' Boots and Shoes from Panic Auctions, and selling at a Reduction of regular prices;
Ladies' who's from Auction;
Gents' Underwear at a great Reduction;
Ribbons, Buttons, Trimming, etc., a full and complete stock are included in our late purchases, and will be offered at the same low rates.

A dollar saved is two earned. Remember this, and buy your goods at
ELSON'S MAMMOTH CHEAP STORE.
oct27 297 Main Street.

COLGATE & CO NEW YORK
AROMATIC VEGETABLE Soap combined with Glycerine, recommended for the delicate skin of Ladies and Children. Invented by COLGATE & Co., N. Y. Sold by all Dealers.

NEW SHAKER PRESERVES
(Cherries, Strawberries, Peaches, etc.)
Preserved Canton Ginger, in Syrup;
" " Dry;
CRASS & BLACKWELL'S PICKLES—
(Chowchow, Onions, Cauliflower, etc.)
New Peaches in Cans—2 and 3 lbs.
FINNIE, BUCKHAM & CHAPMAN,
300 Main Street.

NEW BUCKWHEAT FLOUR
And fine SYRUP;
HARRISON FLOUR;
GRAHAM or UNBOLTED FLOUR;
SUGARS—all kinds.
FINNIE, BUCKHAM & CHAPMAN,
300 Main Street.

MACKEREL—
No. 1 SHORE, BAY and MESS, all nice, for Family use;
NEW CODFISH;
NEW HERRING.
FINNIE, BUCKHAM & CHAPMAN,
oct31 300 Main Street.

Notice.

ALL persons holding claims against the estate of David Weeks, deceased, are notified to file them with the undersigned within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred.
F. SMITH, Administrator.
October 28, 1867. oct30 law3w*

McMILLAN, RASH & CO.,
COTTON AND GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
11½ Union Street, Memphis.

WE offer our services to our numerous friends and acquaintances, returning thanks for former patronage. Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. Our customers interested are ours. Buying, etc., furnished.

We have experience in Sampling, Classing and Selling Cotton or Produce, and fear no competition. All consignments covered by our Open Policy of Insurance, unless otherwise instructed. nov21m

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER

Lessee and Manager.....W. C. THOMPSON
Stage Manager.....SHIRLEY H. FRANCE

Six nights only of the engagement of the charming little Prima Donna and Comedienne, Miss EMILIE MELVILLE.

MONDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 4th, 1867.

The comical-musical-metrical-mythological burlesque, entitled the
Black Cock.
Le'la and Psyche.....MISS EMILIE MELVILLE

Previous to which will be presented the charming little two act comedy of
Who Kill

ANNOUNCEMENT.

JOHN H. ROWAN, present incumbent, is a candidate for re-election to the office of City Tax Collector, at the election to be holden in January next.

PLEASE announce my name as a candidate for the office of County Register for Shelby county, at the ensuing March election.
se7 1e* J. W. KING.

WE are authorized to announce AMOS H. CURLIN as a candidate for Sheriff of Shelby county at the ensuing March Election in 1868.
Memphis, July 31, 1867. au15e*

LOST--FOUND.

$25 REWARD—

Strayed or stolen about the 11th of this month, from Commerce street, near the bayou, one large Mouse colored MARE MULE, about 11 years old, with a sore on her shoulder, caused from dray saddle. The above reward will be paid for the delivery of the same at GAL-BREATH, STEWART & CO'S.
oc24 1w

LOST—

On Saturday night, a Setter DOG, brown all over except on the breast and end of the tail, which is grey. Had on a black leather collar with large iron ring. A liberal reward will be paid for the recovery of the Dog.
A. B. MILLER,
oc21 1w* 183 Main street.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—

The elegant new building No. 7 Howard's row, three stories high, with good cellar.
Apply to M. L. MEACHAM,
oc22 1f No. 9 Union street.

FOR RENT—

Store Houses Nos. 356 and 361 Shelby street. Also, a large office in the Walker block.
Apply to THOS. H. COCKE,
oc15 1f 279½ Main street, up stairs.

FOR RENT—

I wish to rent 700 acres of rich Big Creek LAND, in the Northern portion of Shelby county, Tenn. It will be rented in large or small tracts. Address
CHAMBERLAYNE JONES, SR.,
oc15 1m* Care Wormeley, Joy & Co.

FOR RENT—

A centrally located business house on Front Row. Possession given immediately.
oct-1f J. W. PAGE, JR.

TO RENT—

Two large and splendid Halls at No. 221 Second street, in Adams Block, suitable for literary associations, balls, private parties, clubs, lectures, fairs, etc. Will be rented reasonably. Inquire of M. Hill, Main street, Webster block; or 3dme. Liese, on the premises, from 7 to 10 o'clock p.m.
se21

TO LEASE

FOR A TERM OF

FIVE YEARS,

THAT most desirable and centrally located Hotel, called "HOTEL DE EUROPE." The Furniture, of every kind, now used in the Hotel, will be sold with the Lease if desired. For terms of a and apply at the office of
KENNY & PORTER,
Kit Williams Block,
oct 1f Corner Second and Madison Sts.

FOR RENT—

STORES and OFFICES in Bethell's New Building, on the corner of Main and South Court streets. Apply in the building to P. C. BETHELL, or S. P. WALKER, Jr., in rooms No 1 and 2.
my22 1f

WANTS.

WANTED—THE PATENT

AURORA OIL.

We want men every where to study their own INTEREST. The right to manufacture and sell the Patent Aurora Oil in a single county will make more money to the purchaser in three months than the largest farm in your State will make in a whole year. The Aurora Oil actually costs less than one-half the price of Coal Oil, and the illuminating power of the Aurora Oil is as much superior to the Coal Oil as the Coal Oil is to a tallow candle, and is NO MORE explosive than a tallow candle. Any Lamp that will burn Coal Oil will burn the Aurora Oil. It does not smoke the chimney it does not smell—it will not grease or stain the finest linen—not even white cloth. The material for its manufacture is inexhaustible. One man can make seventy-five barrels per day. No machinery required. We will pay your fare to and from the city of Memphis and bills while here, if we cannot prove all, and even more, than we have stated. A single county is a small fortune to the man of enterprise, and the right to a State is untold worth.
For further information, call on or address
H. C. Ebbert & Co.,
24 Madison street, corner Main,
ly19 Memphis, Tenn.

FOR SALE.

RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—The undesigned offers for Sale the Residence of the late Dr. W. H. Raines, in the Town of Hernando, DeSoto county, Miss. There is on the premises a large and commodious Frame Building, with six rooms, out house, Stable, Orchards, etc., and situated near the Mississippi and Tennessee railroad depot. For further information address the undersigned at Hernando, Miss.
W. A. SAINES,
oct9 1m* Administrator.

FOR SALE—

Twelve No. 1 Billiard Tables for sale. For particulars, inquire at H. B. EVANS',
oct 1m 12 Monroe street.

FOR SALE—

A good Second-hand BUGGY and HARNESS (little used) will be sold cheap. Apply to Taylor, Gay & Rutland, 304 Front street, or
au23 tf W. S. BRUCE & CO., Monroe street.

Land For Sale.

AN undivided one-half interest in 50,000 acres of Red river bottom land, in Lafayette and Sevier counties, Arkansas.
This interest, the title to which is perfect, will be sold at a low figure, for one-third cash and the remainder at one and two years, without interest.
Also, 3200 acres of magnificent Arkansas river bottom land, above all overflow, and the finest body of timber in the State, in Crawford county, Arkansas.
These lands will be sold together or in parcels, for cash.
Apply to PIKE & ADAMS,
Attorneys at Law,
mh6-1f 293 Main street, Memphis

PLANTATION AND NEW STEAM SAW MILL FOR SALE.

A RARE CHANCE FOR A PAYING INvestment. The plantation is known as the town of "Lake Bluff" on White river, Ark., 6 miles above the Memphis and Little Rock railroad crossing, containing between four and five hundred acres, about two hundred acres cleared (15 feet above the late overflow), the remainder heavily timbered, together with the whole or half interest in a NEW STEAM SAW MILL, (forty horse power,) Engine, Blacksmith's Shop, Carpenter's Tools, Wagons and all necessary appurtenances for running the same. There is a fine Mansion with nine rooms, a Cistern, (capacity 600 gallons,) three Cabins, a Warehouse, two good Wood Yards, and the best landings on the river. The above will be sold at low figures and on easy terms. For further particulars address Mrs. M. L. H.
Sept 1f Appeal Office.

NOTICES.

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Assets, over Six and a Half Million Dollars.

ISSUES Policies on all the different plans, and at as low rates as Safety and Prudence will justify. Takes a note for Half the Premium, thereby you get double the amount of Insurance for the same sum in cash spent in all Cash Companies. Call and see its advantages, offered by the Agents at 22½ Madison street, up-stairs.
oct 8m MOORE & WEST, Agents.

Three-fourths of the Profits Returned to the Policy Holders in the

Georgia Home Insurance Co.,

OF COLUMBUS, GA.

[INCORPORATED 1859.]

Cash Capital and Surplus, - - $100,000

LIBERAL CONDITIONS — EQUITABLE Rates, and Prompt Settlements. Parties insuring in this company will get their proportion of profits in Scrip, which will be taken at par value on renewals.
MOORE & WEST, Agents.
22½ Madison Street.

IN ordering OUR BITTERS to the Southern Public, we have no hesitancy in asserting their superiority over any Northern production in our markets. In their deviscment they are purely Southern—compounded with a special adaptitude to the various types of stomacic derangements prevalent in our climate.
It is a gentle stimulant to the system after undergoing a severe illness.
It is a cure for Dyspepsia.
It assists Digestion.
It cures Diarrhea and Cholera Morbus.
It is a preventive for Chills and Fevers.
It is an invaluable companion for person traveling at all seasons of the year.
It is a HOME enterprise, and possesses true merit.
☞ Sold everywhere.
C. H. EBBERT & CO.,
Sole Manufacturers.
Depot, No. 6 Howard's Row,
feb19 1f Memphis, Tenn.

Wagon and Carriage Material

Corrected Daily by Woodburn, Smith & Co., Nos. 114 and 116 Green street, St. Louis.

Buggy wheels	$13 00@15 00
Buggy wheels, Harvey's patent	25 00
Wagon wheels	14 00@18 00
Buggy hubs, per set	1 25@ 2 00
Wagon hubs, do	3 00@ 4 00
Buggy spokes, do	3 50@ 5 00
Wagon spokes, do	2 75@ 3 75
Bent fellocs, do	1 80@ 2 85
Paved fellocs, do	1 50@ 2 75
Buggy shafts, per pair	60@ 90
Buggy poles, each	60@ 90
Wagon singletrees and N.Yokes, doz	2 00@ 2 50
Plow handles, per dozen	2 00@ 2 50
Buggy bods, each	14 00@17 50
oct 4dw3m	

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

Office---No. 13 Madison Street.

SUNDAY, : : : : : NOVEMBER 3, 1867

CITY MATTERS.

Memphis and Ohio Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Mail Express	8:00 p.m.	10:30 p.m.
Express	10:45 a.m.	4:00 p.m

SAM. B. JONE, Gen'l Sup't.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express, daily	8:45 a.m.	5 p.m.
Freight, daily (except Sun-day)	3:45 p.m.	4:40 a.m.

To Commence Saturday, October 19th, 1867.
A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.
C. P. OAKLEY, Gen. Ticket Ag't. oc19

CLOSING OF MAILS.

Until further notice the Mails will close as follows:

For Cairo, Chicago, St. Louis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Albany, New York, Baltimore, and all cities north and west, at 2:15 p.m.
For Chattanooga, Richmond, Washington, Augusta, Columbus, Ga., Montgomery, Mobile, Ala., New York, Nashville, and all cities south and east, at 5:30 p.m.
For New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Jackson, Miss., Vicksburg, Natchez, and all cities south, at 4 p.m.
All Stations on Mississippi and Tennessee, Southern, New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern railroads at 2:30 p.m.
All Stations on Memphis and Louisville and branch railroads at 5 p.m.
All Stations on Memphis and Charleston, Mississippi Central, Mobile and Ohio, Nashville and Decatur, Nashville and Chattanooga and East Tennessee railroads at 5 a.m.
For Little Rock, Pine Bluff and all Landings on Arkansas and White rivers, (semi-weekly), Tuesdays and Saturdays.
Mississippi river--south, (semi-weekly), Tuesdays and Saturdays.
Mississippi river--north, (semi-weekly), Mondays and Fridays.
R. C. GIST, Postmaster Memphis.

FIVE CENTS.

We request that our patrons will not pay the newsboys more than five cents a copy for the APPEAL. It is sold over the counter at that price, and we allow the newsboys a sufficient margin to make a handsome profit by selling the papers at five cents per copy.

TO THE PATRONS OF THE APPEAL. Subscribers are requested to report any irregularities in the delivery of the APPEAL at the counting room. Carriers will be furnished weekly with certificates authorizing them to collect subscriptions.
E. H. MANSFORD,
Supt. of Circulation.

DR. FORD will preach as usual at the Tabernacle at 11 o'clock this A. M., and the funeral of Mrs. J. R. Graves will be attended at 2 o'clock this P. M. from the First Baptist Church.

OUT OF DANGER.—Capt. John L. Webb of the firm of S. M. Webb & Co., we are glad to say, is entirely out of danger. His numerous friends may look for him in the mart ere long.

FAILED TO DELIVER.—The scalping wagon No. 7 failed to deliver a load of produce at the proper place. Complaint was made to the Police, and an order given for the arrest of the accused.

SICK AGAIN.—We regret to state that our esteemed friend, Maj. Hal Rogers, is again down sick, as is also his two children. We hope to see the Major at his law office ere many days.

TELEGRAMS remaining in the Memphis office Sunday, November 3d: Albert Pesin, Maj. C. P. Severson, Merchants; Trer'well, Schofield & Hanauer, Chas Patton, John C. Rogers, Chas. H. Prall' colored.

A LOST HORSE.—One of the stealers of horses paid a visit to the stalls of Mr. T. B. Adams, on Alabama street, and took off his fine claybank, bridle and all. Tom mourns the loss of his horse, and the thief no doubt has met a broker.

BACK AGAIN.—We were pleased to meet yesterday our friend Dr. W. T. Arrington, well known to our citizens as a most accomplished dentist. He will be found in his rooms over Mansfield & Higbee's Drug Store, Nos. 301 and 303 Main street, as usual, to cure decays, remove and fill.

A GOOD HOUSE.—Those of our country readers who desire to patronize a firm and reliable house, cannot do better than to call upon S. M. Webb & Co., in the Lee Block, Union street. They are honest and upright in their dealings, and will do the fair thing with fair men.

STEALING HOGS.—A negro named Polk Torrence appropriated a number of juvenile porkers, the property of a white neighbor in Chelsea. Complaint was made to Mr. Justice Miller, who issued his warrant. Polk was arrested, examined, and in default of two thousand dollar bonds, was sent up.

THE GOOSE CASE.—In the replevin case, wherein one Thompson was plaintiff, Mr. Ackerman defendant and the infant Tim. Hickey constable, the web-footed animals were given to the plaintiff, and so the matter rests at present. Let there be no more squeaking!

STOVES.—Reader, do you want a good stove? such as you seldom find; if so, call at the warehouse of Fargason, Cordes & Co., 13 Monroe street. If they cannot suit you, you will have to go to Cincinnati or somewhere else. They keep besides, every article used in their line of superior quality. "A word to the wise," etc.

DECEASED.—The wife of Dr. Graves, Pastor of the First Baptist Church, and one of the proprietors of the South western Baptist Publishing House died yesterday of the prevailing epidemic. The deceased was one of the noblest of her sex. Her loss is sincerely regretted by her large circle of friends.

WATCH THIEF.—A negro named Crawford Holmes, (who says he is no kin to Oliver Wendell or Wendell Phillips,) was arrested yesterday and brought before a justice charged with appropriating a ticker, the property of a fellow servant. The aforesaid was given quarters in "Hotel de Winters," and will be interrogated as to his guilt or innocence on Tuesday (D. V.).

FARGASON, CORDES & CO.—This solid and thoroughly established firm continue to do business at their old stand, and offer superior inducements to all those who may have dealings with a first-class Memphis wholesale grocery establishment. They are proverbial for their strict integrity and superior business capacity, and we earnestly recommend them to our readers.

COTTON FACTORS.—The rather unusual activity in the cotton and commission business led us to pay a visit to the cotton factors on Front Row. Among the many houses who seem to have enlivened since John Pender, reaping is that of J. C. Neely & Co, No. 280. They are daily receiving large consignments from their customers in North Mississippi. "Quick sales and prompt returns," is their motto.

MATRIMONIAL.—The matrimonial market last week was more than usually dull, only six licenses being returned, certifying that the following were properly bound together; Josiah de G. Evans to Gissie H. Williams; H. M. Douglass to Henrietta F. Rutland; Reuben Biggins to Mollie Cockrell; Andrew Hockett to Sophia Evans; Henry Dawkins to Margaret Seymour; Edwin Still to Mary Moore.

ANOTHER NAME.—Mr. Andrew Flynn, the well known Nashville theatrical manager, is in the city making arrangements to produce *A Tale of Enchantment* at the Greenlaw Opera House in about ten days. The spectacle is decidedly *Black Crookish* in character, and wherever presented has drawn crowded houses. It may be worthy of patronage, but we shall be better able to judge of its merits when we see it.

GRACE CHURCH.—Services at this church to-day at 11 A. M. and 7½ P. M., by the rector, Rev. Dr. Brooke. Sunday school at 9 P. M. We are glad to learn that Dr. Brooke has secured the services of Miss Nora Bradford, the charming and accomplished young vocalist, to assist in the services at this church, which cannot fail to add much to the solemnity and interest of the occasion.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER.—Miss Melville appeared to her usual advantage last night, in Fitzsall's drama of *Esmeralda*. Although her engagement is at an end, she will meet with that success she deserves; still she has been prevailed upon to remain with us another week. She opens Monday night, with the *Black Cook*, and farce of *Who Killed Cock Robin*.

YELLOW FEVER AND CHOLERA.—A lecture will be given at the Greenlaw Opera Hall, Tuesday night, November 5th, by Dr. Willson, the proceeds to be applied in defraying the expenses of removing the Confederate dead at Iuka, Miss. The subject is important, and the object a noble one. A single hint should be sufficient to secure a full attendance. Tickets of admission, only fifty cents, and can be had at Wade & Co.'s book store. Doors open at 7 o'clock; Lecture to commence a 8 p.m.

EMMONS & SON, No. 10 Jefferson street, and 393 Main street, have received Frank Leslie, Police News, Independent, Harper's Bazaar, Staat's Zeitung, New York Weekly, Boys' and Girls' Weekly, Home Journal, La Crosse Democrat, Round Table, Harper's Weekly, Police Gazette, New York Ledger, Chimney Corner, Literary Album, New York Clipper, Irish Citizen, (John Mitchell's new paper), Criminal Zeitung, Metropolitan Record, Waverly Magazine, Turf, Field and Farm, Wilkes' Spirit, Banner of Light, New York Mercury, American Artisan, London News, Harper's Magazine, Eclectic Magazine, Frank Leslie's Ladies' Book, Peterson's Magazine, Atlantic Monthly, all for November; and also a new lot of Gleason's Novelettes, and also London Art Journal and Every Flow Insandes, per dozen. Call at Emmons & Son for your Sunday reading matter.

HATCHIE BOTTOM MURDER.

ANDREW JACKSON SENT UP IN DEFAULT OF BAIL.

The Evidence in Full as Given Before the Justice.

The case of the negro Andrew Jackson, charged with killing Charles Brown, in Hatchie Bottom, some few days since, was before Mr. Justice Miller yesterday, when the following testimony was given:

EVIDENCE IN CASE OF A. JACKSON.

My name is Betsey Ann Brown; I was not, at the time of the killing of my husband, Charles Brown, present; I was in the cotton patch, near the house; heard the parties when they came up to the house; I heard them talk loud a few minutes before I heard the gun fire; I dropped the cotton sack, and broke and ran to the house, and found him dead; when I went to the house, I saw Wm. Gordon and Joe. Evins; they were leaving the house fast; they were nearly out of sight; my husband was shot in the left breast; it was on this side of Hatchie; they call it seven miles from Memphis; (venue admitted) it was done yesterday three weeks ago.

Cross examined.—These parties had been friendly before then.

Alexander sworn.—I was present when Charles Brown was shot; he was my father; it was in the evening when he was shot; he was shot by Uncle Jackson, the prisoner present; he shot him with a gun; Jackson, when he first came up, said papa stole his hog; pa said he did not have anything to do with his hog—had plenty of his own; Uncle Jackson said he did steal—that his pa went and got the meat and showed it to Jackson; he shot him down; Jackson said he would shoot the son of a bitch, and shot pa; after he shot him, he (prisoner) broke and ran; Evans left; Uncle Gordon, he staid until pa fell, and then he went the same way as Uncle Jackson did; the gun was in possession of Uncle Jackson all the time; pa walked a little way from the house and fell, and died; he did not say anything after he was shot as I heard of; Father had nothing in his hands while they were there, nor made threats against Jackson; the other man that was with them told Jackson not to shoot; he said he would shoot him, the d—d s—n of a b—h, and immediately afterwards shot; Gordon did not say or do anything but sat on his horse.

Cross examination.—I was at my house; I was loading at the door; Uncle Jackson they did not quarrel; they talked loud.

William Gordon sworn.—I was present when Charles Brown was shot; Jackson went within ten or twelve yards of the house; Brown told Jackson he should not stole his meat, and thrown on the ground; Jackson said he did steal his meat, and could prove it by Johnson; deceased said John was a durned liar, and he told that because he, deceased, would not let him have his chickens; then Charles Brown takes his gun, and walks out about ten paces, and told Jackson his gun was as ready as his, Jackson's, and by G-d to shoot; and Jackson was the quickest man, and shot; Charley Brown had his gun up cocked; we had been there about twenty-five minutes before the shooting; when they first commenced talking they were quiet in their manner; the quarel started when Brown threw the meat out of the door.

Cross Examined.—It was about five in the evening; Jackson came to me about four; he asked me to go and walk with him; he said he wanted to go and see about these meat tales; that he was going to see Charlie Brown about the two tales he, Brown, had told about the meat; Evans was with him when he came to me; the gun that Brown had laid where Brown fell, on his left side; it was there I left.

Henry Smith.—I knew Charles Brown in his life; I have heard Brown make threats against Jackson; he came to me the morning of the day he was killed, and said that if Jackson said he killed his hogs, that he would kill Jackson on sight, G—d d—n him; he told me to go and tell Jackson, and I told him. I did not want to carry the mail, but if he (Brown) wanted me to tell him, I would, and I told Jackson that same morning.

The Justice thought himself warranted in sending up the accused to the Criminal Court for trial.

MORTUARY REPORT

FOR THE WEEK ENDING AT 12 O'CLOCK, M.

Louisa Tipton, 24 years, black, female, consumption; Mrs. I. Erwright, 38 years, white, female, yellow fever; Wm. Steel, 64 years, white, male, consumption; Smith Lewis, 51 years, white, male, yellow fever; Mary Winters, 51 years, white, female, yellow fever; N. P. Brantel 58 years, white, male, yellow fever; G. L. Wilbert, 32 years, white, male; marasmus; Anna Waganese, 9 years, white, female, typhoid fever; Julius Catchen, 19 years, white, male, yellow fever; Otho Rohr, 18 years, white, male, yellow fever; W. M. Kerr, 35 years, white, male, congestion; C. W. Goyer, 6 years, white, male, yellow fever.

FLAHERTY & WESCHE,
Undertakers.

C. Greene, 23 years, black, female, bilious fever; R Booth, 26 years, white, male, yellow fever; child of J. Powers, 1 year, female, bilious; child of F. Saffron, 35 years, black, male, yellow fever; child of H. R. Williams, white, male, premature birth; child of Mrs. O'Brien, 5 years, white, male, yellow fever; child of M. McCall, 3 years, black, female, diphtheria; child of H. Pryor, 4 months, black, male, cramps; L. Hanbury, 14 years, white, female, yellow fever; child of Henry Hunt, 5 months, black, female, diarrhea.
THOS. O. SMITH, Undertaker.

Miss M. Wiley, 59 years, white, female, yellow fever; Miss A. W. Crown, 15 years, white, female, yellow fever; Miss J. Fruzzel, 7 years, white, female, yellow fever; Mrs. B. Bowen, 55 years, white female, congestive fever; Albert Jenkins, 32 years, white, male, yellow fever; D. A. Williamson, 34 years, white, male, yellow fever; Mrs. M. Gorsiole, 42 years, white, female, misterious fever; O. H. Lyde, 48 years, white, male, yellow fever; Mrs. C. Cochran, 32 years, white, female, malarions fever; L. Christian, 60 years, black, female, jaundice; A. Joal 60 years, black, male, old age; Julia Frost 4 years, white, female, yellow fever; J. J. Kavanaugh, 32 years, white, male, yellow fever; Fanny Klaus, 23 years, white, female, congestive fever; Flem. Mepfinger, 1 year, white, female, remittent fever; Lena Welber, 18 years, white, female, congestive fever; J. Bernstein, 25 years, white, male, yellow fever; P. C. Kay, 47 years, white, male, congestion; W. M. Payne, 42 years, white, male, yellow fever; H. Harris, 71 years, white, male, yellow fever; C. Persons, 20 years, white, female, bilious congestive fever; A. Loebech, 30 years, white, male, yellow fever; Mrs. F. Renter, 62 years, white, female, bilious fever; D. Kenedy, 26 years, white, male, yellow fever; Mrs. M. McFee, 32 years, white, female, yellow fever; J. Levy, 58 years, white, male, yellow fever; L. Kenoch, white, male, congestive chill; J. Bargnardello, 28 years, white, male, yellow fever; W. H. Smith, 30 years, white, male, yellow fever; Mrs. Clark, white, female, yellow fever; Miss D. Welsch, 22 years white, female, yellow fever; Mrs. R Pubona, 23 years, white, female, yellow fever; J. M. Townes, 59 years, white, male, yellow fever; B. Wesche, 11 years, white, female, brain fever; J. Browder, 37 years, white, female, yellow fever; S. Hoke, white, male, yellow fever; E. F. Kay, 44 years, white, female, yellow fever; infant, of Heaman, 1 day, white, male, premature birth; daughter of Heaman, 3 days, white, female, premature birth; S. Frankling, 41 years, white, male, yellow fever; Betty Carnes, 16 years, black, female, yellow fever; C. Vondram, 36 years, white, female, yellow fever.

J. C. HOLST & CO.,
Undertakers.

F. M. Carnett, 34 years, white, male, yellow fever; M. McIntyre, 40 years, white, male, yellow fever; P. Crowley, 35 years, white male, yellow fever; Mrs. A. McKea, 40 years, white, female, yellow fever; Mrs. M. Connell, 45 years, white, female, yellow fever; C. Connell, 18 years, white, female, yellow fever; F. McNamara, 2 years, white, female, convulsions; J. McHugh, 3 years, white, male, bilious fever; child of J. Donahoe, 3 years, white, male, cholera infantum; P. Gayerty, 48 years, white, male, yellow fever; D. Brawmain, 21 years, white, male, yellow fever; M. Green, 23 years, white, female, consumption; M. McKea, 35 years, white, male, yellow fever; J. Watkins, 25 years, white, male, yellow fever; Mrs. Ford, 37 years, white, female, yellow fever; L. A. Madison, 33 years, white, male, yellow fever; H. C. McKeogh, 30 years, white, male, yellow fever; child of P. Stanley, 11 years, white, male, yellow fever; Agnes Ray, 23 years, white, female, yellow fever.
OWEN SMITH, Undertaker.

Em. Woods, 22 years, black, female, sporadic cholera; M. Brooks, 1 year, black, male, teething; A. Benson, 28 years, black, male, tetarmo; M. Clock, 25 years, black, male, congestive fever; Holly, 17 years, black, female, cholera; J. Dolan, 25 years, white, male, yellow fever; J. Parkhill, 28 years, white, male, congestion; G. Buckner, 45 years, white, male, congestive chills; B. Hilogan, 30 years, white, male, yellow fever; J. Lockwood, 55 years, white, male, yellow fever; Fanny Bell, 40 years, black, female, cancer of womb; Mrs. Green, 40 years, white, female, yellow fever; Bob. Kelly, 22 years, black, male, congestive fever.
MCCAFFREY & CORNELIUS,
Undertakers.

Recapitulation.—Number of deaths, 95; yellow fever, 57; other diseases, 38; whites, 78; blacks, 17; males, 53; females, 42.
W. E. ROGERS, M. D.
Secretary Board of Health.

See the Handsome Delaines, at Menken Bros., at 20 cents.

THE NICHOLSON PAVEMENT.—We take the following paragraph from the New York *World*, and if there is any thing in it, it interests Memphis as much as it does New York: "We should suppose that the contractors who are laying down the Nicholson pavement, as an experimental affair, in several of our streets, would do their work in the best possible way, and would adopt all the improvements that have been found of practical avail in other cities where the pavement has been tried. We are not perfectly certain that they are not doing so, for they have such large interests dependent on the success of their first efforts, that it would be more than ordinary folly for them to be neglectful in any particular. But an intelligent observer, who, the other day, was watching the process of laying down the pavement in Mercer street, remarked that a short time would show a defect which had already appeared in the Chicago pavement, which was laid down the same way, and had not appeared in the St. Louis pavement, in which there is a difference. In Mercer street, as thousands of people have noticed, the base-planks of the pavement are coated on the top with melted tar taken from adjacent pots; and it was in the same fashion that the coating was put on in Chicago. In St. Louis, on the other hand, the planks were *dipped in tanks* of melted tar, which thus coated both sides, and which prevented dry rot, warping and many other evils to which the wood is liable, and which cause the pavement to need frequent repair. If these things be not so, it will be well for the city, the pavement and the contractors, if they be so, they might as well be thought of in time. For it will not be long till we know to a certainty."

CORRESPONDENCE.—For the Sick and Destitute:

MEMPHIS, TENN., November 2, 1867.
R. W. Ainslie, Esq., Pres't Howard Associat on:
Dear Sir: You are hereby authorized to draw for one hundred dollars, upon C. J. Morton, General Agent of the New York Home Insurance Company, at St. Louis, in aid of the generous and heroic purposes of your organization.
Yours,
VREDENBURGH & SYLVESTER,
Agents Home.

MEMPHIS, TENN., November 2, 1867.
Messrs. Vredenburgh & Sylvester, Agents N. Y. Home Insurance Co., Memphis, Tenn.:
Gents: Your favor of this date, authorizing me to draw upon C. J. Morton, General Agent of the New York Home Insurance Company at St. Louis, Mo., is received. In answer, allow me to assure you that you have our most sincere thanks, as well as the prayers of the destitute sick of our city.
Respectfully y our obedient servant,
R. W. AINSLIE,
President Howard Association, Memphis.

DISCHARGED AND CONTINUED.—The much talked of and vexed Varieties cases were up before Mr. Justice Miller yesterday morning, when the manager, Mr. Broom, who was charged with detaining the trunk of Mr. Redding, was discharged. The letter case, wherein Charley accused Mr. Broom of opening his letters, was, on affidavit of the complainant, continued till Monday. The large assembly at the Wickersham building yesterday morning were much disappointed—that show didn't come off "a la circus." From a careful investigation of this imbroglio, we are inclined to the opinion that the managers were more sinned against than sinning. The Varieties will be reopened, with an entire new company, on Monday night, when a good show will be given and the best of order preserved. The vexed cases will not amount to much, in the way of litigation.

DONATIONS to the Howard Association for the past week:

Miss Buck Corne	$ 5 00
R A Thompson	10 00
Holden, Buse & Co	25 00
M E & J W Cochran	50 00
Congregation Hebrh Emel Church	5 00
Judge J O Pierce	5 00
w Eppes	5 00
Kenn Rounds, No. 15 Monroe street	200 00
J S Chapin, Agent N W Life insurance Company	150 00
Jones, Bruce & Co	25 00
Eldorado Keno Rooms	100 00
Wm Parker	10 00
Memphis City Savings Institution	10 00
Citizens' Union Bank	10 00
McKeogh's Billiard Rooms	25 00
Sylvester & Vredenburgh, Agents, New York Home Insurance Company	100 00
Total	$894 20

THE WEATHER AND THE FEVER. During the past twenty-four hours the weather has been mild, the frost yesterday morning being light. By reference to the mortuary report in another column, it will be seen that the deaths from yellow feyer for the past week was fifty-seven. Notwithstanding the recent frosts, the disease does not seem to abate as rapidly as we had wished for. We record as noticeable that more than the usual number of applications was made to the Howard Association rooms yesterday for nurses. In the present crisis we do not feel justified in advising the absent ones or our country friends to come to the city. When it is safe we will surely advise them.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION.—The following members of the Howard Association are now on duty as active members:

R W Ainslie, President.
John Heart, Vice-President.
C T Quaghegan, Vice-President.
J K P Pritchard, Treasurer.
A G Regnaud, Secretary.
Hon John Cain, D. P. Frame,
James P Gallagher, Henry Clements,
Ed J Mansford, Jack Boruh,
J A J Smith, J B Robertson,
C McDonald, J T Collins,
E M Levy, W A Strozzi,
A A Hyde, E J Cutter,
Harry Beck, G C Worsey,
Charles Hall Norton, W Stanley Hamilton,
James D LeGuere, F G Gurney,
T S Butler, Thomas Darden,
A F Lincoln, J N Gaines,
A D Langstaff, Dr. A Sterling.

INTERMEDIATE GEOGRAPHY.—We have received from the enterprising book firm of Cowperthwait, Chapman & Co., booksellers, 2791 Main street, the revised edition of *Cornell's Intermediate Geography*, just issued from the press of Appleton, New York. The text is revised to suit the changes on the earth, and the maps are entirely new copper plates, equal to those of any school geography in this country. All the engravings are of copper plate, and are clear, distinct and beautiful. Our enterprising friends have a complete selection of school books. We wish them success.

TWO HUNDRED AND TWENTY-SIX FRONT STREET.—We have inadvertently omitted to call attention to the card of Mr. J. H. Cash, cotton and commission merchant, at this number, and we now make amend by so doing. He is an enterprising, but thoroughly reliable business man, and enjoys a most favorable reputation in our mercantile community. He never fails to render satisfaction in all dealings with his friends and customers.

YOUNG HIGHWAYS.—At an early hour yesterday morning, as a negro watchman named Uncle Tom was crossing the bayou near the Charleston depot, he was halted by two white muckers, who not only took his money, but wounded him severely in the head, using brass knuckles to prostrate the aged African. Cannot some means be devised by the city authorities to care for these young vagabonds and remedy the evil?

THE FALL MEETING.—The meeting to be held on the grounds of the Memphis Racing Association, on the second Monday in November, under the auspices of the Turf Congress, promises to be a most brilliant affair. The track is in most excellent order; the Superintendent, Capt. John S. Lail, having given the greatest attention to his department for months past. The Ladies' stand has undergone a thorough repair, and everything done to render lady visitors comfortable. Ushers will be in attendance. The grand stand has also been refitted for the reception of visitors. The Secretary, Mr. Gibson, is daily in the receipt of letters from the most prominent turf men of the country, giving notice of their comiog. There is certain to be a gathering of the finest stock, and all the prominent sporting men of the country on this occasion.

LOOK TO IT.—To the man of family, it is a duty incumbent that he should secure his dear ones against want, in case of his death. The matter of life insurance has now become an absolute necessity for this purpose. The ravages of war and the almost entire prostration of our commercial prospects makes the insurance of one's life for the benefit of those who may be left behind, of more importance than ever. One of the best companies we know of is the Phœnix Mutual of Hartford. Mr. S. D. McClure, well known to our citizens, is the resident agent. He has his office at No. 16 Jefferson street, and is prepared to issue policies on the most liberal terms.

THE COURTS.

CHANCERY COURT—*Wm. M. Smith, Chancellor*.—The special term of this Court commences on next Monday, November 4, 1867. The following list of causes is set for hearing during the ensuing week:

Monday, November 4th.—Harris vs. Werner.

Tuesday, November 5th.—1803, Reinhardt, trustee, vs. Franklin Insurance Company; 1506, Campbell vs. Claybrook; 384, Pickered vs. Fisher et al; 2050, Baurman vs. Rohrbecker et al; 2035, Riggins vs Fisher.

Wednesday, November 6th.—Alexander vs. Alexander; Price vs. Price.

Thursday, November 7th.—McHenry vs. Dixon; Booth vs. M. & A. of M.

Friday, November 8th—Motion day.

Saturday, November 9th.—Stanton vs. Clark; Young vs. Young.

CRIMINAL COURT—*Wm. Hunter, Judge, etc.*—The October Term commences on next Monday, November 4th, 1867, pursuant to adjournment.

I will pay one hundred dollars to the first person who will kill a sneak or room thief, caught in the act. The dead body only taken as proof.
L. S. LAKE,
no3 1w 288 Front street.

St. George's Benevolent Association. The Society will meet in the Municipal Court Room, corner Union and Second streets, on Monday night, November 4th, at 7½ o'clock.

Look at the 20 cent Dress Goods, at Menken Bros.

Dr. B. A. Pope, Oculist and Aurist, (Bethel Block,) will continue his practice for a few weeks longer in Memphis. Office hours from 9½ A. M. to 2 P. M.

The largest assortment of ladies' and children's fancy furs in the city at Francisco & Wiggin's, 309 Main street.
no1 3t

Handsome Delaines, 20 cents, Menken Bros.

Our stock of ladies' and children's furs are now open for inspection. Francisco & Wiggin, 309 Main street.
no1 3t

Ladies and children's furs, the fastiest and finest in the city. Memphis Hat Company, opposite the square. oc31 6t

Ladies, call at Francisco & Wiggin's, 309 Main street, and examine their splendid assortment of fancy dress furs. no1 3t

Gents' dress and business hats at Memphis Hat Company, opposite Court square. oc31 6t

A Handsome Dress, 20 cents, Menken Bros.

Hats the best and latest styles at Memphis Hat Company, opposite the square. oc31 6t

Attend the closing out sale of Rice, Stix & Co. You will find a complete stock of Dry Goods at lower prices than ever. oct8 1m

READ the advertisement of Rice, Stix & Co. Their immense stock of Fashionable Dry goods will be closed out regardless of cost, to quit the retail trade. oct8 1m

Furs of all nations at Francisco & Wiggin's, 309 Main street. no1 3t

Buy your fall style hat of Miller & Leidy. oc31 6t

Ladies' and children's fancy dress furs of every description at Francisco & Wiggin's, 309 Main street.
no1 3t

Mink, sable and fitch furs the finest at Miller & Leidy's. oc31 6t

Furs! furs! furs! furs! furs! at Miller & Leidy's, 269 Main street. oc31 6t

We cannot enumerate the prices of our immense stock to be cleared out. They are the lowest, in order to secure an early sale. Rice, Stix & Co. oct8 1m

Ladies' furs, all qualities, at Miller & Leidy's, opposite the square. oc31 6t

No Deception.—We mean to close out the retail branch, and have marked all Dry Goods down to lowest figures. Rice, Stix & Co. oct8 1m

Cold.—Ladies can buy the finest furs at Miller & Leidy's, opposite Court square. oc31 6t

Elegant Delaines, 20 cents, Menkin Bros.

Ladies visit the fur emporium and buy genuine furs. Memphis Hat Company, opposite the square. oc31 6t

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

Yesterday was a warm day—bright and clear, but had some appearance of rain toward dark. We have good news as we predicted from the upper

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL,
MEMPHIS, November 2, 1867.

Collections have not been so good as they should be at this season. Debtors, as a general thing, pay part of their indebtedness and ask time on balances. Deposits are daily increasing, and will continue to do so for a week yet to come, while exchange to-day was in very good demand, with less cotton bills upon the market. Eastern sight is taken at ¾c off, and the current selling rate is ¾ premium; but customers can buy all they want at par to ¼ premium.

Gold opened in New York at 413c and was steady at noon. Fearing that it has not yet reached its lowest point, our dealers keep a large margin between their own and the New York quotations. There was very little coin offered to-day, and the buying rate was 38¾ 39¼. The latter figure could be reached only on a round lot.

Silver is nominal at 129@131c buying, with no counter demand.

City scrip is very dull. The demand is lighter than at any time during the dog days. Dealers are slow to buy at 40c, and in some cases will give but 38@39c. They sell in small lots at 41@42c. A lot of $400 was sold over the counter by a Jefferson street broker at 40½c.

County warrants are inactive. A holder of a $50 warrant could get but 35c to-day from dealers, although they would give 65@70c for small amounts; selling at 75c.

There is no Police scrip offering, and our quotations are nominal at 70c buying, selling at 75c.

MEMPHIS CITY SAVINGS INSTITUTION

DEALERS IN

Gold, Silver, Exchange, Government Securities, Uncurrent Money, Stocks, Bonds, Land Warrants, Police, City and County Scrip, Etc., Etc.

No 16 Jefferson Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : : : TENN.

TENNESSEE.	Buying Rate	GEORGIA.	
Bank of Ten'see	28	Augusta 1. & B. Co	5
" W. Tenn	40	Bank of Augusta	50
" Chattanooga	10	" Athens	40
" Middle Tenn	90	" Columbus	7
City Bank	95	" Commerce	60
Merchant's Bank	95	" Fulton	40
Northern Bank	90	" Ft'p're State	20
" Ocoee "	90	" Middle Ga	50
Planters' "	88	" Savannah	85
Union "	80	" State of Ga	12
Shelbyville "	90	Centr'l R. R. B'k Co	95
Southern "	20	City B'k of Augusta	25
Traders' "	90	F'rm'rs & M'ch'cs	6
ALABAMA.		Ga. R. R. & B'k Co	95
Bank of Mobile	95	Marine Bank	50
" Montgomery	45	Mrch'ts & P'l'rs B'k	5
" Selma	20	Planters' Bank	12
Commercial Bank	12	Union Bank	50
Eastern Bank	42	Mechanic's Bank	2
Northern "	85	Man'fact'rs "	12
Central "	6	SOUTH CAROLINA.	
Southern "	95	Bank of Camden	20
NORTH CAROLINA.		" Charleston	15
Bank of Cape Fear	20	" Chester	7
" Charlotte	30	" Georgetown	12
" Clarendon	12	" Hamburg	33
" Commerce	12	" Newbury	30
" Fayetteville	7	" S. Carolina	7
" Lexington	10	" State, old is'ue	10
" N. Carolina	40	" State, new "	5
" Wadesboro'	20	Commercial Bank	10
" Washington	10	Exchange Bank	10
" Wilmington	18	F'rm'rs & Exch'ge	1
" Yanceyville	16	Merchants' Bank	8
Commercial Bank	10	People's' Bank	40
Farmers' B'k of N. C	20	Planters' "	6
Merchants' Bank	40	Plant'rs&M'ch'sB'k	16
Miners&Plant'rs B'k	25	South W. R. R	22
LAND WARRANTS.		Sizle Bank	3
40 acres, War 1812	$ 38	Union "	80
80 " " "	80		
120 " " "	100		
160 " " "	140		
160 " not " "	135		
warrants.			
M. & C. R. R. bonds	75		
M. & C. R. R. coupons	80		
M. & O. R. R. bonds	22		
M. & O. R. R. coupons	22		
Tenn. bonds, old	66		
" " new	64		
Tenn. coupons	70		
Miss. C. R. R. 1st m'g'e	65		
" " 2d "	49		
Memp'his City b'nds	45		
" " coupons	35		

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Draft on England, Ireland and Scotland, £7 for 1 lb. sterling.
France, Switzerland & Belgium, 3 55 francs for $1 00.
GERMANY.
Bremen $1.16 for 1 gold thaler.
Berlin, $1.07 for 1 Prussian thaler.
Frankfort, 61¾c for 1 guilder.
Sweden, 41¾c for one rix dollar.

The New York cotton market opened dull, but nominally unchanged, with holders unwilling to make concessions. The same state of affairs existed at noon. At the close there was a moderate demand, with prices weak. Middling, 18¾@18¾c; good middling, 20¾@21c; Mobile, 19¾c; Orleans, 20c. Sales for the day 1600 bales. Our market, as is usual, for the day was inactive, and buyers were closing up the week's business. Holders at the opening were asking from 18½ to 19¾c for a good style of middling, and sales were made at both figures, but many buyers withdrew altogether in consequence of advices limiting them to 18¾@19¼c, at which figures no sales were made. Towards the close both buyers and sellers were indifferent, and the market closed heavy with quotations hard to give accurately:

Ordinary	nominal.
Good Ordinary	14 @15¾
Low Middling	15 @15¾
Middling	16 @16¾
Strict Middling	16¾@17
Good Middling	17¾@

COTTON STATEMENT.

Stock on hand Sept. 1		1,080
Received to-day	1953	
Received previously	25,144	27,097
		28,224
Exported to-day	5576	
Exported previously	19,842	25,977
Stock on hand		4,800
Receipts for the week	8,727	
Exports for the week	7,228	

The produce market is very quiet, with no demand outside the local trade, and the stock ample for all purposes. In plantation supplies there continues to be a fair trade doing, and prices are firm. Flour is inactive, and sales are mostly to retailers in the city, with a very light call from the interior. Corn is still scarce, with some local demand and round lots on the landing would sell at $1 10@1 12½ for old, and $1 05 for new. Ear corn is firm at 80@85c. in lots, and in a retail way at $1@1 10. Meal, $5 75 and $6. Oats, firm at 75@75c. A lot of prime timothy so'd during the day on the levee at $25. Mess pork is in moderate demand at $24 for ext. Louis and Cincinnati packed, and $23 for Chicago. Clear sides are very scarce. Holders ask 19½@20c, but a lot of six casks on consignment were sold at 18¾c during the day. Shoulders are dull at 15@15½c. Breakfast bacon, 19@ 20c. Plain hams, 20@22c; plain canvassed, 21@ 24c; sugar-cured, 26@28c. Lard in good stock and weak at 14½@15c for kegs and 14½c for tierces. Cabbage are a drug at 4@10c. Apples are in large supply and dull at $4@6 per bbl. Butter is becoming more plentiful and prices are easier; Goshen, 55c; choice western, 40@45c; good, 30@ 35c; common, 15@25c, but not in demand. Bagging is in demand at 27@29c for India, and 25@28c for Kentucky power; hand loom 24@26c. No beans in market. Eggs are firm and scarce at 30@32c. Flour quiet but firm; common $5 50@6 75; superfine $7@8. X $8@10, XX $10 50@11, XXX $12@13; fancy brands $14@15 00. Chickens scarce, selling at $5 50 for young and $4@5 for old. Potatoes are scarce and firm; good se l at $4@5 per bbl. Onions, $3 50@3 75. Sweet Potatoes $4 per bbl, or per bushel, 75c. Molasses firm at 70@80c for St. Louis rebolled; no New Orleans of consequence in market; syrup, 60@ 70. Sugar firm 13¾@13¾c for white crushed and powdered and coffee sugars at 12¾@13¾@13c; brown 11@12c. Rio Coffee, fair to choice, 24@ 27½c. Laguayra 25@26c. Cape Lime, $2 25@ 2 50. Western reserve cheese, 16¾@17c; factory, 15¾@16c. English dairy, 18@19c. Common, whisky, $1 10@2; imitation Bourbon, $2 25@3; Bourbon, $3@5.

ROBERT A. MOON,

Cotton Factor

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 276 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

LIBERAL ADVANCES—Supplies at Wholesale Prices. Commission for selling Cotton, One Dollar per Bale.

To the Cotton Planters of West Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi and Arkansas:

The undersigned respectfully tenders his services as agent for the sale of your cotton in this city, and for the purchase of your supplies. The unfortunate termination of the late war, which so materially affected the best interests of the South, has also had its effect upon the Commission Business of this city, as transacted between planter and merchant. You doubtless well remember with what pertinacity (previous to the war), amounting in some instances to annoyance, you were solicited for your business at the rate of fifty cents per bale commission, free of drayage, and stored for twelve months without charge. Then (as will be again) the producer was the ruling element, and high rents, rich landlords and merchants were the result of planters' patronage. No people or occupation have been more seriously prostrated than planters and planting, and none so much deserve to be fostered and aided in their unfortunate change condition. How that aid so much needed has been meted out you I opine too well know. Onerous government taxes in general, and a special tax upon your leading production, Cotton, large profits you have had to pay upon supplies furnished, commissions on sales ranging from $3 50 to $5 per bale, monthly storage at exorbitant prices, and other expenses, as per reference to your account sales, as a sum total will leave you but little if anything upon which to rebuild your shattered fortunes, or to compete with the new order of affairs—free labor. When I withdrew from the Cotton and Commission Business in 1860, private reasons then led me to believe that I would never engage in it again. The solicitations of many friends that were former patron-, and a desire to promote the interest of the planting community, so far as my feeble efforts can do so, and the apparent want of gratitude exhibited to a community that in times past tended so materially to the prosperity of Memphis and its mercantile community, has determined me again to offer my services in the capacity as stated. The reduced stocks of cottons in the United States and short supplies in the hands of New England manufacturers has caused some advance in prices from the late depression, hence early sales may be prudent and remunerative; such was the case the past two seasons, and many planters have had cause to regret the acting upon the too common practice of holding and drawing upon their cottons. I would advise no planter to send forward his cotton unless he wished it sold upon the first active market. It can be held at home much cheaper than in Memphis. My charges for selling cotton will be One Dollar per bale. Insurance effected in all cases if not instructed to the contrary. Shall buy your supplies from wholesale houses, giving you the benefit of same. In short, by strict attention to all the departments of our business, I hope to merit a large share of patronage.

Very respectfully,

R. A. MOON.

sel

F. LANE & CO.,

Cotton Factors

—AND—

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Cor. Union and Front Streets,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

LIBERAL Cash Advances made on Consignments, and special attention given to filling orders. sel2 3m

J. J. RAWLINGS. J. L. WEBB. J. L. RAWLINGS.

J. J. RAWLINGS & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

No. 254 Front Street.

UP STAIRS, . . . MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ We will sell COUNTRY PRODUCE consigned to us au21

Compressing Cotton.

ON and after MONDAY, October 28th, our charges for compressing Cotton, covering Sample Holes and Drayage to Steamboat or Railroad, until further notice, will be ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS per bale.

GILT & MAURY.

Chickasaw Steam Cotton Press.

J. H. MERRITT, Ass't Sup't,
JNO. E. WELD Agent,
Southwestern Freight and Cotton Press Co.
oct24 2w J. R. CHRISTIAN & CO.

JO BANFIL & CO

HAVE established their office in Titus' Block, in rear of No. 12 Jefferson street, where they may be found by parties interested. se21

WINES AND LIQUORS.

Nathan Hoffheimer & Co.,

COMMISSION

—AND—

Forwarding Merchants,

Wholesale Dealers in

Imported and Domestic

WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS,

Tobacco, Etc., Etc.,

No. 276 Front Street, MEMPHIS, TENN.

Always on hand, a large supply of

Old Bourbon and Rye Whiskies.

Also, the Celebrated

BAVARIAN BITTERS.

oct2

D. H. EVANS,

IMPORTER

AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN

WINES, LIQUORS

AND CIGARS,

No. 14 Monroe St., Memphis, Tenn.

MEGIBBEN & BROTHER,

WHOLESALE

Liquor Dealers,

281 : MAIN STREET : 281

Memphis, : : : Tennessee.

Jan23 tf

J. J. SMITH. JNO. L. LEECH.

SMITH & LEECH,

Rectifiers and Wholesale Liquor Dealers,

342 Second Street.

MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.

TO THE TRADE ONLY.

HAVING erected a large and extensive Rectifying establishment, we are prepared to supply our customers with a superior article of Whiskies on as good terms and at as low prices as can be bought in any market.

oct5 oct3 3m

A. VACCARO, M. MAGYNEY, JR.
N. VACCARO, A. VACCARO.

A. VACCARO & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in

WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS,

ETC., ETC., ETC.,

324 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

my8

U. S. BONDED CELLAR.

NATHAN BRO.'S & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF

RHENISH & FRENCH WINES,

LIQUORS,

Foreign Fruits,

AND PRODUCE.

No. 262 Second Street,

OPPOSITE COURT SQUARE,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

HOFFHEIMER BROTHERS'

CELEBRATED

BAVARIAN BITTERS,

The best Bitters in the market as a

TONIC AND APPETIZER.

NATHAN HOFFHEIMER & CO.,

276 Front Row.

TOBACCO AND CIGARS

S. STERNBERG & CO.,

WESTERN AND VIRGINIA

Tobacco Agency,

Dealers in Imported and Domestic

CIGARS,

No. 310 Front Street,

MEMPHIS.

oct2 6m

Planters and Merchants Attention.

Tobacco, Tobacco, Tobacco.

WE will forward to your address, upon receipt of your order enclosing the cash, the best brands of Leaf Tobacco at the following prices:

Best Bright Gold Leaf Chewing Tobacco, $ 25 pounds..... $8 00
Best Bright Gold Leaf Smoking Tobacco, 25 pounds..... 5 00

Any one wishing to engage in the sale of our Tobacco, will receive 15 per cent. upon all amounts of 100 pounds and above.

Address, PLEASANTS & CO.,
au7 3m 464 West Chestnut S. Louisville, Ky.

UNITED STATES BONDED WAREHOUSE.

EDMONDS, PETTIGREW & CO.,

—WHOLESALE—

TOBACCO

Commission Merchants,

No. 37 Jefferson Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : TENNESSEE.

HAVING perfected our arrangements with the Manufacturers in Virginia and the West, we are prepared to supply the trade at Factors' prices, keeping always on hand a COMPLETE ASSORTMENT of the various brands and styles, which we have selected ESPECIALLY FOR THIS TRADE.

Merchants and Jobbers will find it to their interest to examine our stock before buying elsewhere. se27 1m

OWEN, M'NUTT & CO.,

Cotton and Tobacco Factors,

RECEIVING, Forwarding and General Commission Merchants, No. 14 Monroe street.

☞ All Cotton, Tobacco, or other Produce, consigned to us, insured, unless otherwise instructed. Bagging, Rope and other supplies furnished at the lowest market price. oct6-ft

E. FRANK HARBERT, Late Vernon, Partee & Cky. Memphis, Tenn.

PARTEE & HARBERT,

Cotton and Tobacco Factors,

AND GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

14 Monroe Street,

Bet. Main and Front, MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ Cash Advances made on Consignments. Bagging, Rope and Supplies furnished.

oct15 wmadim

THURMOND, FOSTER & CO.,

TOBACCO FACTORS

AND GENERAL

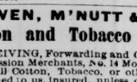
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

7 Monroe street.

se28

Western and Virginia Tobacco Agency.

MAYER, MARSHUETZ & CO.,



IMPORTERS and Wholesale Dealers in Segars, Tobacco, Pipes, and the largest stock of Smokers' Articles in the South, Corner Second and Jefferson streets, Jefferson Block, Memphis, Tenn. se21

BANKS AND BANKING

P. C. BETHELL, President. J. K. P. PRITCHARD, Cashier.

TENNESSEE

SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

BETHELL BUILDING,

Corner Court and Main Streets,

MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.

TRANSACTS a General Banking Business. Receives Deposits, Deals in Gold, Silver, Exchange, Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Uncurrent Money. Collections promptly attended to.

DIRECTORS:

JNO. C. LANIER, Presi- W. H. CHERRY, President Gayoso Savings dent Merchants' Na-
Institution. tional Bank,
JAS ELDER, President P. C. BETHELL,
DeSoto Bank. J. K. P. PRITCHARD,
se29 3m

BANKING.

MEMPHIS INSURANCE COMPANY.

ORGANIZED 1844.

OFFICE, 22 1-2 MADISON STREET.

J. J. MURPHY, - - - President.
F. M. CASH, - - - - Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

J. J. MURPHY, E. M. APPERSON,
T. A. NELSON, J. C. JOHNSON,
Of S. O. & T. A. Nelson, Of G. Falls & Co.
J. F. FRANK, F. M. CASH.
J. T. STRATTON, of Stratton, Goyer & Co.

THIS Institution is prepared to receive Deposits, to buy and sell Exchange on all the principal commercial cities, and to collect Drafts on this city an 1 all principal points in this section. Remittances promptly attended to. F. M. CASH Secretary.

Planters' Bank Notes.

IN accordance with an act of the General Assembly of the State of Tennessee, approved December 12, 1866, entitled an act "To expedite the distribution of the effects of Banks which have or may make assignments among their creditors," notice is hereby given to the holders of the notes of the Planters' Bank of Tennesse to present them to the undersigned at the Bank in Nashville for payment before now and the first day of January, 1869, or they will be forever barred.

jy27 tJal.1869 D. WEAVER, Trustee.

PEOPLE'S BANK OF TENNESSEE, MEMPHIS.

No. 12 Madison Street.

F. W. SMITH, : : : President.
D. A. SHEPHERD, : : : Cashier.
my22 tf

THE DeSOTO BANK

OF MEMPHIS.

NO. 20 MADISON STREET.

JAMES ELDER, - - - - President.
W. H. WOOD, - - - Vice-President.
T. R. FARNSWORTH. - - - - Cashier.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF TENNESSEE, MEMPHIS.

J. W. PAGE, Jr., : : : : President.
R. E. GARTH, : : : : : Cashier.

BANK BUILDING,

Corner Madison and Main Streets.

DOES A GENERAL

DEPOSIT AND EXCHANGE BUSINESS;

—DEALS IN—

Coin, Uncurrent Money and Government Securities.

Collections from all points Solicited.

ap10 tf

GAYOSO SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE,

Banking House 19 Madison St.

This institution, organized in 1856, has been in continuous and successful operation for the past ten years, continues to transact a

GENERAL EXCHANGE AND BANKING BUSINESS.

Will Receive Deposits, Buy and Sell

Foreign & Domestic Exchange,

Gold, Silver and Uncurrent Money.

SELLS Exchange in sums to suit purchasers, on London and all leading cities of the United States, and will make collections on all accessible places in the North and West.

E. M. AVERY, Cashier.
JOHN C. LANIER, President.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD,

—TO THE—

North and East,

—CARRYING THE—

Great Through Mail.

ONLY ALL RAIL ROUTE

—FROM—

Memphis to New York

Without Ferry or Omnibus changes or delay, and is one hundred and eighty-nine miles shorter to Washington, and ninety-eight miles shorter to New York than any other route,

From Memphis and all intervening points, to

Georgia, the Carolinas, Virginia Springs, Lynchburg, Richmond.

Fare to New York, - - - -	$38 25
do Washington - - - -	31 25
do Baltimore - - - -	35 25
do Philadelphia - - - -	36 25
do Boston - - - -	45 00

TRAINS leave Memphis and Charleston Depot as follows: 6.10 a.m. This train arrives at Nashville

Eight Hours in Advance

Of any train leaving Memphis on same day. 6.10 p.m.—This train arrives at Nashville

Two Hours in Advance

Of Night Express by any other route. Smooth track, better equipments, and quicker time, than by any other route.

ELEGANT SLEEPING CARS

On all Night Trains.

Baggage checked through. Checks given at Hotels or private residences when ordered at the office of the Company.

Fare as Low as by Any Other Route.

Tickets to all parts can be procured at the general office of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, 278 Main street, corner Court Square, Memphis, Tenn.

A. G. BARNES, Gen. Ticket Ag't.
G. W. UPRIGHT, Passenger Agent.
SAM. C. WEAVER, Ticket Agent. oct22

Mississippi and Tennessee R. R.

Change of Time.

ON and after SATURDAY, OCTOBER 19TH, 1867, until further notice, the Passenger Train will

Leave Memphis Daily at 5 p.m.,

One hour earlier than heretofore.

Train Arrives at Memphis Daily at 8.45 a.m.

This change is made temporarily, by request of numerous patrons of the road.

Parties wishing to leave Memphis at night and return in the morning, can purchase commutation tickets for twenty trips, to any point, or tickets good for one month, at reduced rates, by applying at this office.

A. S. LIVERMORE,
oct9 1w General Sup't Superintendent.

Quick Time

BY THE

NEW ROUTE TO NASHVILLE,

Memphis and Ohio and Nashville and Northwestern Railroads via McKenzie.

Commencing Tuesday, Oct. 1.

TRAINS for Nashville will leave Depot head of Main street as follows:

Evening Express leaves Memphis at 4:30 p.m., and arrives at Nashville at 9:40 a.m. next day. This train arrives at Nashville

Seven Hours and Forty-five Minutes

In advance of Evening Train from Memphis by any other route.

Night Express leaves Memphis at 11:00 p.m., and arrives at Nashville at 4:00 p.m. next day. This route is

Seventy-Eight Miles Shorter

To Nashville than via Decatur.

FARE REDUCED TO $12 00.

Through Tickets via Nashville to CHATTANOOGA, KNOXVILLE, ATLANTA, and all Principal Points in GEORGIA, ALABAMA and the CAROLINAS.

Fare as Low as by any Other Route.

Through Tickets and all information can be obtained at No. 275½ Main street, and at the Depot, Head of Main street.

M. GRIDLEY, SAM. B. JONES,
Ticket Agent. Gen'l Sup't.
ASA HILL, Passenger Agent.

OMNIBUSES of Memphis City Transfer Company call at all the principal Hotels before the departure of Trains, and Check Baggage to all Points. By leaving orders at Ticket Office, 275½ Main street, will call at any part of the city or steamboat landing.

JOHN H. JONES,
October 1, 1867. Sup't M. C. T. Co oct 1f

MEMPHIS AND OHIO RAILROAD,

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE,

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
MEMPHIS, TENN., September 23, 1867.

TRAINS will leave the Depot of this Company, at head of Main street, until further notice, as follows:

Louisville and Nashville Express

Leaves every day at 4:30 p.m., making close connections with Mobile and Ohio Railroad at Humboldt, and with Illinois Central Railroad for St. Louis, Chicago, Cairo, St. Paul, and all points North, West and East, and at Louisville with Jeffersonville Railroad for all Northern and Eastern cities.

Cars Go Through Without Change.

Magnificent Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage Checked through to all important places. Persons Desiring Through Tickets can stop over at any point and resume journey at pleasure.

☞ Through Tickets and all information can be obtained at Ticket Office, 237½ Main street, and at Depot.

General Superintendent.
ASA HILL, Passenger Agent. oct 1f

F. E. RADCLIFF,

Contractor and General Agent

FOR THE SALE OF

Stone Drain Pipe of all Sizes, Louisville Cement, Alabama Lime, Plaster of Paris, Etc.,

Has removed his office to

No. 39 Madison Street,

Between Main and Second,

WHERE he will attend to all orders promptly. Especial attention by experienced men given to all kinds of sewering. my5 tf

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

To All Whom it May Concern: Having taken out Letters of Administration on the estates of Charles Cordes and Henry Cordes, I hereby notify all persons having claims on these Estates to come forward and present them properly authenticated, etc., within the time prescribed by law, or they will be forever barred.

Bullock & Anderson, attorneys oct9 1m*

COAL, COAL.

NOW is the time to lay in your Winter supply—and the place to purchase the best Pittsburg is at

BIGLEY, MELLERSH & CO.,
25 South Court street,
Corner of Main.

aug8 wsed 1

RAILROADS.

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD.

Reduction of Passenger Tariff.

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1st, 1867, the rates of fare from Memphis to the various Stations will be as follows:

From MEMPHIS to—

WHITE'S	$ 50
HORN LAKE	75
NESBITT'S	1 00
HERNANDO	1 25
LOVE'S	1 65
COLDWATER	1 75
SENATOBIA	2 25
COMO	2 65
SARDIS	3 10
TALLAHATCHIE	3 25
BATESVILLE	3 50
LONG CREEK	4 00
POPE'S	4 35
HARRISON	4 75
OAKLAND	5 25
GARNER	5 50
HARDY	5 50
GRENADA	6 00

COMMUTATION TICKETS,

Good for ten or twenty trips, to be used within sixty and ninety days respectively, will be sold at the following rates:

BETWEEN MEMPHIS AND—	Good for 10 Trips to be used within Sixty Days.	Good for 20 Trips to be used within Ninety Days.
WHITE'S	$ 4 00	$ 7 50
HORN LAKE	7 00	12 00
NESBITT'S	9 00	17 00
HERNANDO	11 50	21 00
LOVE'S	14 50	27 00
COLDWATER	16 00	30 00
SENATOBIA	18 00	35 00
COMO	22 00	40 00
SARDIS	25 00	45 00
TALLAHATCHIE	28 00	50 00
BATESVILLE	30 00	55 00
LONG CREEK	32 00	58 00
POPE'S	34 00	60 00
HARRISON	36 00	65 00
OAKLAND	39 00	70 00
TILLATOBA	41 50	75 00
GARNER	43 50	78 50
HARDY	46 00	82 00
GRENADA	50 00	88 00

C. P. OAKLEY, A. S. LIVERMOORE,
General Ticket Agent. Gen'l Superintendent.
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Of any train leaving Memphis on same day. 6.10 p.m.—This train arrives at Nashville

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A. G. BARNES, Gen. Ticket Ag't.
G. W. UPRIGHT, Passenger Agent.
SAM. C. WEAVER, Ticket Agent. oct22

THE MEMPHIS APPEA

LOVED TOO LATE.

Far off in the dim and desolate Past—
That shoreless and sorrowful sea
Where wrecks are driven by wave and blast,
Shattered, sunken and lost, at last,
Lies the heart that was broken for me—
Poor heart!
Long ago broken for me!

My loves were Glory and Pride and Art—
Ah, dangerous rivals three!
Sweet lips might quiver and warm tears start;
Should an artist pause for a woman's heart—
Even that which was broken for me!
Poor heart!
Too rare to be broken for me!

Oh, she was more mild than the summer wind
More fair than the lilies be;
More true than the star with twilight twined
Was the spirit against whose love I sinned—
The heart that was broken for me—
Poor heart!
I told her an artist should wed his art—
That only his love should be;
No other should lure me from mine apart,
I said; and my cold words chilled her heart,
The heart that was broken for me—
Poor heart!
Hopelessly broken for me!

spoke of the beautiful years to come,
In the lands beyond the sea—
Those years which must be wearisome
To her; but her patient lips were dumb;
In silence it broke for me!
Poor heart!
Broke, yet complained not for me!

I pressed her hand, and rebuked her tears
Lightly and carlessly;
I said my triumphs should reach her ears,
And left her alone with dismal years
And the heart that was breaking for me—
Poor heart!
Silently breaking for me!

My days were a dream of summer time,
My life was a victory;
Fame wove bright garlands to crown my prime,
And I half forgot, in that radiant clime,
The heart that was breaking for me—
Poor heart!
Patiently breaking for me!

But my whole life seemed, as the swift years rolled,
More hollow and vain to be;
Each blossom at best is hard and cold—
Oh, I would have given all praise and gold
For the heart that was broken for me—
Poor heart!
Thanklessly broken for me!

Sick with longing, hope and dread,
I hurried across the sea;
She died and said as though with grief, they said—
Poor child, poor child!—and was long since dead;
Ah! dead for the love of me—
Poor heart!
Broken, and vainly, for me!

Weighed down by a load too heavy to hold;
She died murmuringly!
And I, remorseful and unconsoled,
Dream of the wasted days of old,
And the heart that was broken for me—
Poor heart!
Broken so vainly for me!

And my soul cries out in bitter pain
For the bliss that cannot be—
For the love that never can come again,
For the sacred song life that was lived in vain,
And the heart that was broken for me—
Poor heart!
Broken and buried for me!

The Sour Lake in Texas.

About sixty miles from Houston, in Texas, in a low, wet prairie country, but itself on quite high ground, and surrounded by a fine little forest, is a small lake, whose diameter may be counted by rods, the waters of which are so sour that it is almost impossible to drink them. A number of wells have been dug in the immediate vicinity, and the water of these contains iron, alum, magnesia and sulphuric acid.

Notwithstanding the difficulty of reaching the place and the poor accommodations, large numbers of invalids go there from Southern States to drink the water of the wells, and bathe in the lake, and they experience immediate and remarkable benefit. The effect of the baths is sedative, and persons who have not slept comfortably for weeks, after taking a bath in the lake in the evening, enjoy a refreshing night's rest.

The water becomes more pleasant to the taste after a few glasses, and may be bottled or put in wooden casks without losing its strength. The soil is strongly impregnated with the same qualities as the water, that if the mud be dissolved in pure water and a little soda or saleratus put into it, it will foam and effervesce, and will become as sour as lemonade.

Before the war a number of gentlemen were considering plans for building a large hotel at the place, but since then the project has been postponed. A number of gentlemen bought the property of a man who died about twenty-five years ago, but, according to the laws of Texas, a man cannot sell his homestead without the consent of his wife, and a lady of Chicago, claiming to be the former owner's wife, has brought a suit to recover it under law. The matter is still in litigation.—*N. Y. Post.*

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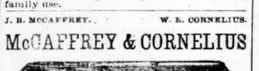

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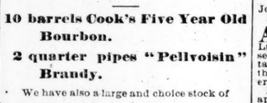

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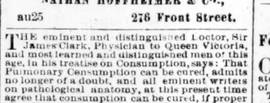

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